

# ATTACHMENTS

# **ENCLOSURES**

# **Ordinary Council Meeting**

17 October 2023

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GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2023



General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

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## Overview

Goulburn Mulwaree Council is constituted under the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) and has its principal place of business at:

184-194 Bourke Street Goulburn NSW 2580

Council's guiding principles are detailed in Chapter 3 of the LGA and includes:

- principles applying to the exercise of functions generally by council,
- principles to be applied when making decisions,
- principles of community participation,
- principles of sound financial management, and
- principles for strategic planning relating to the development of an integrated planning and reporting framework.

A description of the nature of Council's operations and its principal activities are provided in Note B1-2.

Through the use of the internet, we have ensured that our reporting is timely, complete and available at minimum cost. All press releases, financial statements and other information are publicly available on our website: <u>www.goulburn.nsw.gov.au</u>.

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### General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

### Understanding Council's Financial Statements

#### Introduction

Each year NSW local governments are required to present audited financial statements to their council and community.

#### What you will find in the Statements

The financial statements set out the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of Council for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

The format of the financial statements is standard across all NSW Councils and complies with both the accounting and reporting requirements of Australian Accounting Standards and requirements as set down by the Office of Local Government.

#### About the Councillor/Management Statement

The financial statements must be certified by senior staff as 'presenting fairly' the Council's financial results for the year and are required to be adopted by Council – ensuring both responsibility for and ownership of the financial statements.

#### About the Primary Financial Statements

The financial statements incorporate five "primary" financial statements:

#### 1. The Income Statement

Summarises Council's financial performance for the year, listing all income and expenses. This statement also displays Council's original adopted budget to provide a comparison between what was projected and what actually occurred.

#### 2. The Statement of Comprehensive Income

Primarily records changes in the fair value of Council's Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment.

#### 3. The Statement of Financial Position

A 30 June snapshot of Council's financial position indicating its assets, liabilities and "net wealth".

#### 4. The Statement of Changes in Equity

The overall change for the year (in dollars) of Council's "net wealth".

#### 5. The Statement of Cash Flows

Indicates where Council's cash came from and where it was spent. This statement also displays Council's original adopted budget to provide a comparison between what was projected and what actually occurred.

#### About the Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide greater detail and additional information on the five primary financial statements.

#### About the Auditor's Reports

Council's financial statements are required to be audited by the NSW Audit Office.

In NSW the auditor provides 2 audit reports:

- 1. an opinion on whether the financial statements present fairly the Council's financial performance and position, and
- 2. their observations on the conduct of the audit, including commentary on the Council's financial performance and financial position.

#### Who uses the Financial Statements?

The financial statements are publicly available documents and must be presented at a Council meeting between seven days and five weeks after the date of the audit report.

The public can make submissions to Council up to seven days subsequent to the public presentation of the financial statements.

Council is required to forward an audited set of financial statements to the Office of Local Government.

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General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

Statement by Councillors and Management made pursuant to Section 413 (2c) of the *Local Government Act 1993* (NSW)

The attached general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- the Local Government Act 1993 and the regulations made thereunder,
- the Australian Accounting Standards and other pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

#### To the best of our knowledge and belief, these statements:

- · present fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 17 October 2023.

Cr Peter Walker Mayor 17 October 2023

Cr Steve Ruddell Deputy Mayor 17 October 2023

Aaron Johansson Chief Executive Officer 17 October 2023 Brendan Hollands Responsible Accounting Officer 17 October 2023

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Income Statement | for the year ended 30 June 2023

# **Goulburn Mulwaree Council**

# **Income Statement**

for the year ended 30 June 2023

Original unaudited budget			Actual	Actua
2023	\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022
	Income from continuing operations			
40,866	Rates and annual charges	B2-1	41,195	39,607
18,255	User charges and fees	B2-2	19,352	17,693
1,367	Other revenues	B2-3	1,557	1,468
9,636	Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	B2-4	20,612	22,213
29,294	Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	B2-4	20,078	31,764
946	Interest and investment income	B2-5	3,550	753
438	Other income	B2-6	1,460	424
320	Net gain from the disposal of assets	B4-1	· -	4,243
101,122	Total income from continuing operations		107,804	118,165
	Expenses from continuing operations			
29,664	Employee benefits and on-costs	B3-1	28,599	25,564
22,962	Materials and services	B3-2	26,685	25,63
1,700	Borrowing costs	B3-3	1.927	1.774
22,667	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of non-financial assets	B3-4	28,969	23,38
739	Other expenses	B3-5	939	658
-	Net loss from the disposal of assets	B4-1	5,650	
77,732	Total expenses from continuing operations		92,769	77,010
23,390	Operating result from continuing operations		15,035	41,149
23,390	Net operating result for the year attributable to Co	uncil	15,035	41,14

|--|

Net operating result for the year before grants and contributions provided for capital purposes (5,043)

9,385

The above Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Statement of Comprehensive Income | for the year ended 30 June 2023

# Goulburn Mulwaree Council

Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2023

\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022
Net operating result for the year – from Income Statement		15,035	41,149
Other comprehensive income:			
Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to the operating result Gain (loss) on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	C1-7	105,600	175,218
Total items which will not be reclassified subsequently to the operating result		105,600	175,218
Total other comprehensive income for the year	-	105,600	175,218
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to Council	_	120,635	216,367

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Statement of Financial Position | for the year ended 30 June 2023

# Goulburn Mulwaree Council

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2023

\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	C1-1	33,628	17,467
Investments	C1-2	96,500	91,022
Receivables	C1-4	5,818	6,783
Inventories	C1-5	487	524
Contract assets and contract cost assets	C1-6	5,914	5,486
Other	C1-9	402	363
Total current assets		142,749	121,645
Non-current assets			
Investments	C1-2	_	6,000
Receivables	C1-4	42	39
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (IPPE)	C1-7	1,522,884	1,408,886
Investment property	C1-8	5,500	4,400
Right of use assets	C2-1	-	126
Total non-current assets		1,528,426	1,419,451
Total assets		1,671,175	1,541,096
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	C3-1	9,410	9,619
Contract liabilities	C3-2	19,909	7,047
Lease liabilities	C2-1	-	103
Borrowings	C3-3	2,283	2,521
Employee benefit provisions	C3-4	7,011	7,468
Total current liabilities		38,613	26,758
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	C3-1	1,800	2,100
Borrowings	C3-3	33,517	35,800
Employee benefit provisions	C3-4	887	955
Provisions	C3-5	14,382	14,142
Total non-current liabilities		50,586	52,997
Total liabilities		89,199	79,755
Net assets		1,581,976	1,461,341
		.,	.,,
EQUITY	04.4		407.007
Accumulated surplus	C4-1	502,732	487,697
IPPE revaluation reserve	C4-1	1,079,244	973,644
Council equity interest		1,581,976	1,461,341

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Statement of Changes in Equity | for the year ended 30 June 2023

# Goulburn Mulwaree Council

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2023

			2023			2022	
			IPPE			IPPE	
		Accumulated	revaluation	Total	Accumulated	revaluation	Total
\$ '000	Notes	surplus	reserve	equity	surplus	reserve	equity
Opening balance at 1 July		487,697	973,644	1,461,341	446,548	798,426	1,244,974
Opening balance		487,697	973,644	1,461,341	446,548	798,426	1,244,974
Net operating result for the year		15,035	_	15,035	41,149	_	41,149
Net operating result for the period		15,035	-	15,035	41,149		41,149
Other comprehensive income							
Gain (loss) on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	C1-7		105,600	105,600		175,218	175,218
Other comprehensive income		-	105,600	105,600	-	175,218	175,218
Total comprehensive income		15,035	105,600	120,635	41,149	175,218	216,367
Closing balance at 30 June		502,732	1,079,244	1,581,976	487,697	973,644	1,461,341

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Statement of Cash Flows | for the year ended 30 June 2023

# Goulburn Mulwaree Council

# Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2023

Original unaudited			A stud	A stual
budget 2023	\$ '000	Notes	Actual 2023	Actual 2022
2020		140103	2025	2022
	Cash flows from operating activities			
	Receipts:			
40,866	Rates and annual charges		41,287	40,113
18,255	User charges and fees		19,602	19,403
946	Interest received		2,612	712
38,930	Grants and contributions		51,331	57,240
1,805	Bonds, deposits and retentions received Other		187 3,338	523 7,145
1,005	Payments:		3,330	7,145
(29,664)	Payments to employees		(29,035)	(26,489)
(22,962)	Payments for materials and services		(26,915)	(31,475)
(1,700)	Borrowing costs		(1,701)	(1,499)
(739)	Other		1,277	286
45,737	Net cash flows from operating activities	G1-1	61,983	65,959
	Cash flows from investing activities			
	Receipts:			
-	Sale of investments		90,500	68,000
-	Redemption of term deposits		522	
320	Proceeds from sale of IPPE		3,765	5,259
	Payments: Purchase of investments		(00 500)	(00.000)
-	Acquisition of term deposits		(90,500)	(68,000) (18,022)
(86,410)	Payments for IPPE			(10,022) (61,208)
	Net cash flows from investing activities			
(86,090)	Net cash nows nom investing activities		(43,211)	(73,971)
	Cash flows from financing activities			
	Receipts:			
4,000	Proceeds from borrowings		-	8,280
	Payments:			
2,521	Repayment of borrowings		(2,521)	(2,336)
126	Principal component of lease payments		(90)	(171)
6,647	Net cash flows from financing activities		(2,611)	5,773
(00, 700)	Not change in each and each equivalents		40.404	(0,000)
(33,706)	Net change in cash and cash equivalents		16,161	(2,239)
_	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		17,467	19,706
(33,706)	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	C1-1	33,628	17,467
(00,700)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			11,101
_	plus: Investments on hand at end of year	C1-2	96,500	97,022
(33,706)	Total cash, cash equivalents and investments		130,128	114,489
(00,100)			100,120	117,703

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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# Goulburn Mulwaree Council

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# Goulburn Mulwaree Council

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# A About Council and these financial statements

# A1-1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements were authorised for issue by Council on dd MMMM yyyy. Council has the power to amend and reissue these financial statements in cases where critical information is received from public submissions or where the OLG directs Council to amend the financial statements.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations, the *Local Government Act* 1993 (Act) and *Local Government (General) Regulation 2021* (Regulation), and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

Council is a not for-profit entity.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars and are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

#### Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain infrastructure, property, plant and equipment and investment property.

#### Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Council's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Council and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Council makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future.

The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

- i. estimated fair values of investment property refer Note C1-9
- ii. estimated fair values of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment refer Note C1-8
- iii. estimated tip remediation provisions refer Note C3-5
- iv. employee benefit provisions refer Note C3-4.

#### Significant judgements in applying the Council's accounting policies

i. Impairment of receivables – refer Note C1-4.

ii. Determination of whether performance obligations are sufficiently specific and whether the contract is within the scope of AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and / or AASB 1058 *Income of Not-for-Profit Entities* – refer to Notes B2-2 – B2-4.

iii. Determination of the lease term, discount rate (when not implicit in the lease) and whether an arrangement contains a lease – refer to Note C2-1.

#### Monies and other assets received by Council

#### The Consolidated Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 409(1) of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), all money and property received by Council is held in the Council's Consolidated Fund unless it is required to be held in the Council's Trust Fund. Cash and other assets of the following entities have been included as part of the Consolidated Fund:

- General purpose operations
- Domestic Waste Management Fund
- Water Supply Fund

continued on next page ...

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# A1-1 Basis of preparation (continued)

#### Sewerage service Fund

#### The Trust Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 411 of the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)* (as amended), a separate and distinct Trust Fund is maintained to account for all money and property received by the council in trust which must be applied only for the purposes of, or in accordance with, the trusts relating to those monies.

It is Council's opinion that no Trust monies held by Council are subject to Council's control and therefore they have not been included in these reports.

As at 30 June 2023 the balance of the trust fund was \$395,296 (\$768,984 at 30 June 2022).

A separate statement of monies held in the Trust Fund is available for inspection at the council office by any person free of charge

#### Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities that are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

#### **Volunteer services**

Volunteer services are not recongnised as they are not reliably measured, would not be otherwise purchased and not regarded to be material.

#### New accounting standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

#### New accounting standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations (ie. pronouncements) have been published by the Australian Accounting Standards Board that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2023 reporting period.

Council has elected not to apply any of these pronouncements in these financial statements before their operative dates.

As at the date of authorisation of these financial statements Council does not consider that any of these new (and still to be applied) standards and interpretations are likely to have a material impact on the Council's future financial statements, financial position, financial performance or cash flows.

#### **Comparative figures**

Comparative Figures

Adjustments have been made to presentation of prior year comparatives in Council's Annual Financial Statements. The changes are either to improve presentation or as a result of format changes in the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

#### New accounting standards adopted during the year

During the year Council adopted all accounting standards and interpretations (as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board) which were mandatorily effective from the first time at 30 June 2023.

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# A1-1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Those newly adopted standards did not have a material impact on Council's reported financial position, financial performance and/or associated financial statement disclosures.

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# B Financial Performance

# B1 Functions or activities

# B1-1 Functions or activities – income, expenses and assets

Income, expenses and assets have been directly attributed to the following functions or activities. Details of those functions or activities are provided in Note B1-2.

	Incon	ne	Expens	es	Operating	result	Grants and cor	tributions	Carrying amo	unt of assets
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Functions or activities										
Civic Leadership	36,051	33,326	12,285	8,140	23,766	25,186	10,990	9,613	196,045	133,615
Community	4,400	4,505	7,604	6,452	(3,204)	(1,947)	3,653	3,866	164,447	122,505
Economy	5,601	13,023	11,970	3,529	(6,369)	9,494	2,909	6,993	10,938	26,545
Environment	16,950	13,329	14,906	20,180	2,044	(6,851)	3,208	2,339	138,836	170,755
Infrastructure	44,802	53,982	46,004	38,715	(1,202)	15,267	19,930	31,166	1,160,909	1,052,065
Other	-		-	_	-		-	-		35,611
Total functions and activities	107,804	118,165	92,769	77,016	15,035	41,149	40,690	53,977	1,671,175	1,541,096

# B1-2 Components of functions or activities

Details relating to the Council's functions or activities as reported in B1-1 are as follows:

#### Civic Leadership

Our Leadership - Council administration including executive management, councillor expenses, human resources, financial services, organisational overheads and oncosts, information and technology, customer service and administrative support. Governance such as access to information, code of conduct, legal services, insurances and policies and procedures.

#### Community

Our Community - Community services and education, including development, youth services, aged and disabled services. Community amenities such as public cemeteries, public conveniences and street lighting. Recreation and cultural services including, public library, art gallery and museums, community halls, sporting grounds and venues, swimming pool, parks and gardens, and other sport and recreation.

#### Economy

Our Economy - Economic affairs including marketing, visitor information and events, strategic planning and property management.

#### Environment

Our Environment - Activities such as public health, noxious plants and animal control, solid waste management, street cleaning, drainage and stormwater management, other environmental protection activities.

#### Infrastructure

Our Infrastructure - Includes the following networks; sewerage services, water supplies, bridges, footpaths, parking areas, sealed and unsealed roads, urban streets, rural and regional roads.

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# B2 Sources of income

# B2-1 Rates and annual charges

\$ '000	2023	2022
Ordinary rates		
Residential	15,598	15,044
Farmland	2,466	2,400
Business	4,917	4,759
Less: pensioner rebates (mandatory)	(440)	(442)
Rates levied to ratepayers	22,541	21,761
Pensioner rate subsidies received	241	243
Total ordinary rates	22,782	22,004
Annual charges (pursuant to s496, 496A, 496B, 501 & 611)		
Domestic waste management services	4,931	4,725
Water supply services	2,717	2,396
Sewerage services	10,415	10,156
Waste management services (non-domestic)	562	538
Less: pensioner rebates (mandatory)	(469)	(470)
Annual charges levied	18,156	17,345
Pensioner annual charges subsidies received:		
– Water	94	94
– Sewerage	91	91
<ul> <li>Domestic waste management</li> </ul>	72	73
Total annual charges	18,413	17,603
Total rates and annual charges	41,195	39,607

#### Accounting policy

Rates and annual charges are recognised as revenue at the beginning of the rating period to which they relate. Prepaid rates are recognised as a financial liability until the beginning of the rating period.

Pensioner rebates relate to reductions in rates and certain annual charges for eligible pensioners' place of residence in the local government council area that are not subsidised by the NSW Government.

Pensioner rate subsidies are received from the NSW Government to provide a contribution towards the pensioner rebates and are recognised within the underlying revenue item based on their substance.

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## B2-2 User charges and fees

\$ '000	Timing	2023	2022
Specific user charges (per s502 - specific 'actual use' charge	s)		
Water supply services	, 1	6,445	6,779
Sewerage services	1	2,226	2,304
Waste management services (non-domestic)	1	1,663	1,437
Total specific user charges		10,334	10,520
Other user charges and fees			
(i) Fees and charges - statutory and regulatory functions (per s608)	)		
Building regulation	1	300	438
Planning and building regulation	2	1,243	1,417
Private works – section 67	1	108	138
Regulatory/ statutory fees	1	201	232
Section 10.7 certificates (EP&A Act)	1	119	108
Section 603 certificates	1	76	102
Total fees and charges – statutory/regulatory		2,047	2,435
(ii) Fees and charges - other (incl. general user charges (per s608))			
Cemeteries	1	361	275
Gravel pits	1	185	328
Library and art gallery	1	42	37
Transport for NSW works (state roads not controlled by Council)	1	811	146
GPAC Income	1	388	179
Swimming centres	2	1,225	385
Waste disposal tipping fees	1	3,521	2,905
Aged and disabled services	1	47	134
Hire of council properties	1	73	58
Sports stadium/recreation facilities	1	93	68
Animal Impounding	1	24	26
Other	1	201	197
Total fees and charges – other		6,971	4,738
Total other user charges and fees	_	9,018	7,173
Total user charges and fees	_	19,352	17,693
Timing of revenue recognition for user charges and fees			
User charges and fees recognised at a point in time (2)		2,468	2,879
User charges and fees recognised over time (1)		16,884	14,814
Total user charges and fees		19,352	17,693

#### Accounting policy

Revenue arising from user charges and fees is recognised when or as the performance obligation is completed and the customer receives the benefit of the goods / services being provided.

The performance obligation relates to the specific services which are provided to the customers and generally the payment terms are within 30 days of the provision of the service or in some cases such as caravan parks, the customer is required to pay on arrival or a deposit in advance. There is no material obligation for Council in relation to refunds or returns.

Where an upfront fee is charged such as joining fees for the leisure centre the fee is recognised on a straight-line basis over the expected life of the membership.

Licences granted by Council are all either short-term or low value and all revenue from licences is recognised at the time that the licence is granted rather than over the term of the licence.

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# B2-3 Other revenues

\$ '000	Timing	2023	2022
Fines – parking	1	48	87
Fines – other	1	62	133
Legal fees recovery – rates and charges (extra charges)	1	110	62
Commissions and agency fees	1	18	8
Gas Main Rental	1	19	1
Diesel rebate	1	99	97
Insurance claims recoveries	1	50	19
Sales – general	1	528	434
Insurance rebates	1	83	78
Low value exception lease income	1	126	93
Employee contributions	1	196	164
License Agreements	1	31	29
Other	1	187	263
Total other revenue		1,557	1,468
Timing of revenue recognition for other revenue			
Other revenue recognised over time (1)		1,557	1,451
Other revenue recognised at a point in time (2)		_	17
Total other revenue		1,557	1,468

#### Accounting policy for other revenue

Where the revenue is earned for the provision of specified goods / services under an enforceable contract, revenue is recognised when or as the obligations are satisfied.

Statutory fees and fines are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided, the payment is received or when the penalty has been applied, whichever occurs first.

Other revenue is recorded when the payment is due, the value of the payment is notified, or the payment is received, whichever occurs first.

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# B2-4 Grants and contributions

\$ '000	Notes	Timing	Operating 2023	Operating 2022	Capital 2023	Capita 2022
General purpose grants and non-develop	ber					
contributions (untied)						
General purpose (untied)						
Current year allocation						
Financial assistance – general component		1	1,064	1,884	_	-
Financial assistance – local roads			1,001	1,001		
component		1	553	1,009	_	-
Payment in advance - future year allocation				,		
Financial assistance – general component		1	4,226	2,890	_	-
Financial assistance – local roads			,	,		
component		1	2,260	1,559	_	-
Amount recognised as income						
during current year			8,103	7,342	-	
Special purpose grants and non-develop contributions (tied)	er					
Cash contributions						
Previously specific grants:	B2-4					
Water supplies		1	42	96	345	469
Sewerage services		1	_	_	2,021	2,323
Aged care		•	72	_	_,	_,
Bushfire and emergency services		1	601	411	6	-
Community care		1	335	314	624	1,161
Economic development			325	_	_	.,
Employment and training programs		1	7	131	_	-
Environmental programs		2	26	147	458	12
Floodplain management		-	51	_	_	_
Heritage and cultural		1	102	250	5	_
Library – per capita		1	270	228	_	_
LIRS subsidy		1	11	28	_	_
Noxious weeds		1	113	196	_	_
NSW rural fire services			_	-	19	_
Recreation and culture		2	99	558	3,508	8,370
Storm/flood damage		2	3,169	6,224	-	0,070
Road safety initiatives		1	55	71	190	42
Street lighting		1	157	159		72
	B2-4	1	940	1,080	_	-
Transport (other roads and bridges funding)	D2-4	2	3,342	3,238	2.448	11.006
Other specific grants			3,342	5,250	2,440	11,000
Previously contributions:		2	-	0	207	-
Bushfire services			747	299		
Community services		1			-	-
Heritage/cultural		1	88	64	35	-
Other councils – joint works/services		1	- 20	- 18	-	32
Recreation and culture		1	30	18	-	-
Roads and bridges		1	_	-	732	-
5		1	4	-	2,497	39
Transport for NSW contributions (regional roads, block grant)		4	335	635	330	
Sewerage (excl. section 64 contributions)		1	555	000	63	- 56
Water supplies (excl. section 64		1	-	_	03	50
contributions)		1	_	_	(52)	39
	B2-4	1	- 47	6	(52)	55
Veolia host fee	JZ-+		47 864	594	_	-
ESL Subsidy		1	864 225	594	-	-
		1	223		-	
Total special purpose grants and						

continued on next page ...

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# B2-4 Grants and contributions (continued)

\$ '000	Timing	Operating 2023	Operating 2022	Capital 2023	Capital 2022
Non-cash contributions					
Other Total other contributions – non-cash				414	
				414	_
Total special purpose grants and non-developer contributions (tied)		12,057	14,753	13,910	23,549
Total grants and non-developer contributions		20,160	22,095	13,910	23,549
Comprising					,
Comprising: – Other funding		1,488	_	467	_
– Commonwealth funding		10,003	8,740	3,628	962
– State funding		8,669	13,355	9,815	22,587
		20,160	22,095	13,910	23,549
Developer contributions					
Developer contributions: G3 (s7.4 & s7.11 - EP&A Act, s64 of the LGA):					
Cash contributions					
S 7.4 – contributions using planning agreements		_	108	_	_
S 7.11 – contributions towards					
amenities/services	1	448	10	2,593	2,874
S 7.12 – fixed development consent levies S 64 – water supply contributions	1	-	-	- 502	361 579
S 64 – sewerage service contributions	1 1	_	_	1,080	1,484
S 64 – stormwater contributions	1	_	_	351	96
Other developer contributions		4	_	-	-
Total developer contributions – cash		452	118	4,526	5,394
Non-cash contributions					
S 7.11 – contributions towards					
amenities/services	1	-	-	451	805
S 64 – water supply contributions	1	-	_	113	444
S 64 – sewerage service contributions S 64 – stormwater contributions	1 1	_	-	238 840	882 690
Total developer contributions	I			040	090
non-cash				1,642	2,821
Total developer contributions		452	118	6,168	8,215
Total contributions		452	118	6,168	8,215
Total grants and contributions		20,612	22,213	20,078	31,764
Timing of revenue recognition for grants and contributions					
Grants and contributions recognised over time (1)		-	_	_	_
Grants and contributions recognised over time (1)		-		_	_
(2)		20,612	22,213	20,078	31,764
Total grants and contributions		20,612	22,213	20,078	31,764

continued on next page ...

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### B2-4 Grants and contributions (continued)

#### Unspent grants and contributions

Certain grants and contributions are obtained by Council on the condition they be spent in a specified manner or in a future period but which are not yet spent in accordance with those conditions are as follows:

\$ '000	Operating 2023	Operating 2022	Capital 2023	Capital 2022
Unspent grants and contributions				
Unspent funds at 1 July	239	123	5,872	2,857
Add: Funds recognised as revenue in the reporting year but not yet spent in accordance with the conditions	759	218	18,785	5,691
Add: Funds received and not recognised as revenue in the current year	_	_	-	-
Less: Funds recognised as revenue in previous years that have been spent during the reporting year	_	(34)	_	_
Funds received in prior year but revenue recognised and funds spent in current year	(92)	(68)	(3,993)	(2,676)
Unspent funds at 30 June	906	239	20,664	5,872
Contributions				
Unspent funds at 1 July *	_	_	24,841	22,554
Add: contributions recognised as revenue in the reporting year but not yet spent in accordance with the conditions	_	_	4.886	5.648
Add: contributions received and not recognised as revenue in the current year	_	_	_	
Add: contributions recognised as income in the current period obtained in respect of a future rating identified by Council for				
the purpose of establishing a rate Less: contributions recognised as revenue in previous years that have been spent	-	_	900	173
during the reporting year			(6,996)	(3,534)
Unspent contributions at 30 June	-		23,631	24,841

(\*) Comparative balances amended to ensure the correct classification of unexpended contributions as capital due to them being related to Developer Contributions

#### Accounting policy

#### Grants and contributions - enforceable agreement with sufficiently specific performance obligations

Where grant income arises from an agreement which is enforceable and contains sufficiently specific performance obligations then the revenue are recognised when control of each performance obligations is satisfied.

Payment terms vary depending on the terms of the grant, cash is received upfront for some grants and on the achievement of certain payment milestones for others.

Each performance obligation is considered to ensure that the revenue recognition reflects the transfer of control and within grant agreements there may be some performance obligations where control transfers at a point in time and others which have continuous transfer of control over the life of the contract.

Where control is transferred over time, generally the input methods being either costs or time incurred are deemed to be the most appropriate methods to reflect the transfer of benefit.

#### Grant income

continued on next page ...

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# B2-4 Grants and contributions (continued)

Assets arising from grants in the scope of AASB 1058 is recognised at the assets fair value when the asset is received. Council considers whether there are any related liability or equity items associated with the asset which are recognised in accordance with the relevant accounting standard.

Once the assets and liabilities have been recognised then income is recognised for any remaining asset value at the time that the asset is received.

#### Capital grants

Capital grants received to enable Council to acquire or construct an item of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment to identified specifications which will be under Council's control and which is enforceable are recognised as revenue as and when the obligation to construct or purchase is completed.

For construction projects, this is generally as the construction progresses in accordance with costs incurred since this is deemed to be the most appropriate measure of the completeness of the construction project as there is no profit margin.

For acquisitions of assets, the revenue is recognised when the asset is acquired and controlled by the Council.

#### **Developer Contributions**

Council has obligations to provide facilities from contribution revenues levied on developers under the provisions of sections 7.4, 7.11 and 7.12 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979.

While Council generally incorporates these amounts as part of a Development Consent Order, such developer contributions are only recognised as income upon receipt by Council, due to the possibility that individual development consents may not be acted upon by the applicant and, accordingly, would not be payable to Council.

Developer contributions may only be expended for the purposes for which the contributions were required, but the Council may apply contributions according to the priorities established in work schedules.

# B2-5 Interest and investment income

\$ '000		2023	2022
Interest on financial assets measured at amortised cost			
<ul> <li>Overdue rates and annual charges (incl. special purpose rates)</li> </ul>		88	84
- Cash and investments		3,462	669
Fair Value Adjustments		- , -	
Finance income on the net investment in the lease	C2-2b	-	-
Total interest and investment income (losses)	_	3,550	753
Interest and investment income is attributable to:			
Unrestricted investments/financial assets:			
Overdue rates and annual charges (general fund)		41	40
General Council cash and investments		584	36
Restricted investments/funds – external:			
Development contributions			
- Section 7.11		317	58
- Section 64		583	112
Water fund operations		653	208
Sewerage fund operations		1,285	278
Domestic waste management operations		87	21
Total interest and investment income		3,550	753

#### Accounting policy

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate at the date that interest is earned.

Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

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# B2-6 Other income

\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022
Fair value increment on investment properties			
Fair value increment on investment properties		1,100	100
Total fair value increment on investment properties	C1-8	1,100	100
Rental income			
Investment properties			
Lease income (excluding variable lease payments not dependent on an			
index or rate)		360	324
Total Investment properties		360	324
Total rental income	C2-2	360	324
Total other income		1,460	424

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# B3 Costs of providing services

# B3-1 Employee benefits and on-costs

\$ '000	2023	2022
Salaries and wages	22,411	20,294
Employee leave entitlements (ELE)	4,304	3,222
Superannuation	2,769	3,175
Workers' compensation insurance	470	344
Fringe benefit tax (FBT)	33	66
Payroll tax	124	95
Protective clothing	161	148
Total employee costs	30,272	27,344
Less: capitalised costs	(1,673)	(1,780)
Total employee costs expensed	28,599	25,564
Number of 'full-time equivalent' employees (FTE) at year end	315	311

#### Accounting policy

Employee benefit expenses are recorded when the service has been provided by the employee.

#### Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Council are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death. Council contributes to various defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans on behalf of its employees.

#### Superannuation plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Council participates in a defined benefit plan under the Local Government Superannuation Scheme, however, sufficient information to account for the plan as a defined benefit is not available and therefore Council accounts for its obligations to defined benefit plans on the same basis as its obligations to defined contribution plans, i.e. as an expense when it becomes payable – refer to Note E3-1 for more information.

# B3-2 Materials and services

\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022
Raw materials and consumables		4,962	4,509
Contractor costs		14,088	14,897
Audit Fees	F2-1	183	71
Previously other expenses:			
Councillor and Mayoral fees and associated expenses	F1-2	275	219
Advertising		386	362
Bank charges		238	224
Electricity and heating		2,214	1,354
Insurance		1,705	1,429
Postage		121	122
Printing and stationery		203	152
Street lighting		602	542
Subscriptions and publications		262	221
Telephone and communications		257	278
Valuation fees		143	134
Training costs (other than salaries and wages)		322	289
Other expenses		160	118
Legal expenses:			
<ul> <li>Legal expenses: planning and development</li> </ul>		189	506
<ul> <li>Legal expenses: debt recovery</li> </ul>		118	64
– Legal expenses: other		257	142
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# B3-2 Materials and services (continued)

Total materials and services	26,685	25,633
Total materials and services	26,685	25,633

Accounting policy Expenses are recorded on an accruals basis as the Council receives the goods or services.

# B3-3 Borrowing costs

\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022
(i) Interest bearing liability costs			
Interest on leases		1	3
Interest on loans		1,686	1,560
Total interest bearing liability costs	_	1,687	1,563
Total interest bearing liability costs expensed		1,687	1,563
(ii) Other borrowing costs			
Discount adjustments relating to movements in provisions (other than ELE)			
- Remediation liabilities	C3-5	240	211
Total other borrowing costs		240	211
Total borrowing costs expensed		1,927	1,774

#### **Accounting policy**

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed as incurred.

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# B3-4 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of non-financial assets

\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022
Depreciation and amortisation			
Plant and equipment		2,334	1,627
Office equipment		785	691
Furniture and fittings		79	73
Land improvements (depreciable)		63	57
Infrastructure:	C1-7		
<ul> <li>Buildings – non-specialised</li> </ul>		2,489	1,742
- Other structures		288	214
– Roads		9,657	8,291
– Bridges		1,215	1,222
- Footpaths		1,163	591
– Stormwater drainage		1,765	1,921
– Water supply network		3,596	2,920
– Sewerage network		2,734	2,401
– Swimming pools		78	61
– Other open space/recreational assets		1,310	529
Right of use assets	C2-1	136	136
Other assets:			
– Library books		187	156
– Other		188	155
Reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration assets:			
– Tip assets	C3-5,C1-7	619	586
– Quarry assets	C3-5,C1-7	14	_
Total gross depreciation and amortisation costs		28,700	23,373
Total depreciation and amortisation costs		28,700	23,373
Impairment / revaluation decrement of IPPE			
Infrastructure:	C1-7		
– Roads		244	_
– Stormwater drainage		25	_
Reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration assets:			
– Quarry assets	C3-5,C1-7	_	14
Total gross IPPE impairment / revaluation decrement costs		269	14
<b>55</b>			
Total IPPE impairment / revaluation decrement costs charged to Income Statement	ł	269	14
Total depreciation, amortisation and impairment for			
non-financial assets		28,969	23,387
		,	,

#### Accounting policy

#### Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment losses for revalued assets are firstly offset against the amount in the revaluation surplus for the class of asset, with only the excess to be recognised in the Income Statement.

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# B3-5 Other expenses

\$ '000	2023	2022
Other		
Contributions/levies to other levels of government		
<ul> <li>Emergency services levy (includes FRNSW, SES, and RFS levies)</li> </ul>	85	46
– NSW fire brigade levy	141	124
– NSW rural fire service levy	526	394
Donations, contributions and assistance to other organisations (Section 356)	187	94
Total other	939	658
Total other expenses	939	658

Accounting policy Other expenses are recorded on an accruals basis when Council has an obligation for the expenses.

Impairment expenses are recognised when identified.

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# B4 Gains or losses

# B4-1 Gain or loss from the disposal, replacement and de-recognition of assets

\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022
Gain (or loss) on disposal of property (excl. investment property)			
Less: carrying amount of property assets sold/written off		(93)	_
Gain (or loss) on disposal	_	(93)	_
Gain (or loss) on disposal of plant and equipment	C1-7		
Proceeds from disposal – plant and equipment		272	334
Less: carrying amount of plant and equipment assets sold/written off		(360)	(172)
Gain (or loss) on disposal		(88)	162
Gain (or loss) on disposal of infrastructure	C1-7		
Proceeds from disposal – infrastructure		3,493	_
Less: carrying amount of infrastructure assets sold/written off		(8,962)	_
Gain (or loss) on disposal	_	(5,469)	-
Gain (or loss) on disposal of investments	C1-2		
Proceeds from disposal/redemptions/maturities – investments		90,500	68,000
Less: carrying amount of investments sold/redeemed/matured	_	(90,500)	(68,000)
Gain (or loss) on disposal			
Gain (or loss) on disposal of non-current assets classified as 'held for sale'	C1-7		
Proceeds from disposal – non-current assets 'held for sale'		-	4,925
Less: carrying amount of 'held for sale' assets sold/written off		-	(844)
Gain (or loss) on disposal	_	-	4,081
Net gain (or loss) from disposal of assets		(5,650)	4,243

#### Accounting policy

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. The gain or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer and the asset is de-recognised.

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# B5 Performance against budget

# B5-1 Material budget variations

Council's original budget was adopted by the Council on 21 June 2022 and is not required to be audited. The original projections on which the budget was based have been affected by a number of factors. These include state and federal government decisions, including new grant programs, changing economic activity, environmental factors, and by decisions made by Council.

While these General Purpose Financial Statements include the original budget adopted by Council, the Act requires Council to review its financial budget on a quarterly basis, so it is able to manage the variation between actuals and budget that invariably occur during the year.

Material variations of more than 10% between original budget and actual results or where the variance is considered material by nature are explained below.

**Variation Key: F** = Favourable budget variation, **U** = Unfavourable budget variation.

\$ '000	2023 Budget	2023 Actual	2023 Variar	
Revenues				
Rates and annual charges	40,866	41,195	329	1% F
User charges and fees	18,255	19,352	1,097	6% F
<b>Other revenues</b> Favourable result is due to higher than anticipated operarental return from property - Brewer Centre Marulan (12K Centre (10K), Waste Management Services (22K)				
<b>Operating grants and contributions</b> Whist Council in generally conservative in budgeting for a awarded above budgeted figures during the year. For ex due to fire/storm damage (1,157K), local & rural road gra	ample Financial A	ssistance Grant	(2,171K), Specia	
<b>Capital grants and contributions</b> This result is due to the delays in completion of a number Mayfield Road Bridge replacement (2,170K) and North C				(31)% U pavilion (4,000K),
Interest and investment revenue This budget variance is due to the substantial increase in a conservative approach to budgeting for Interest & Invest in returns from Councils investment portfolio during the o	stment revenue, th	is year's actuals		
<b>Net gains from disposal of assets</b> Anticipated disposal and replacement of Plant and Fleet	<b>320</b> was not required	_ during the year a	(320) at the level budge	(100)% U ted.
<b>Other income</b> Variance is due to the fair value adjustment of investme was completed in 2022/23 in line with the buildings and o			( , , ,	
Expenses				
Employee benefits and on-costs	29,664	28,599	1,065	4% F
Materials and services The variance for this item was a result of significant inflat costs. Large projects such as Goulburn Hockey faciliti impacted by these increases during 2022/23.				
Borrowing costs	1,700	1,927	(227)	(13)% <mark>U</mark>
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# B5-1 Material budget variations (continued)

	2023	2023	202	3		
\$ '000	Budget	Actual	Variance			
This result was due to the unwinding discount relating to Goulburn Tip provision. This was in line with previous years and current rates, however budget was not projected for this expense.						
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of non-financial assets	22,667	28,969	(6,302)	(28)% <mark>U</mark>		
Variance is due to higher than anticipated depreciatio completed in the 22/23 financial year.	n costs as a result c	of the buildings &	operational land	asset revaluation		
<b>Other expenses</b> Result due to higher than anticipated Emergency Sen budgeted. Tallong (31K), Windellama (12K), Marulan						
Net losses from disposal of assets	-	5,650	(5,650)	∞ <b>U</b>		
Statement of cash flows						
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b> This variance is due to favourable cash inflows from as outlined above.	45,737 investment revenue	<b>61,983</b> es, operating gra	16,246 nts, other revenu	36% F le & other Income		
Cash flows from investing activities This result is primarily due to the deferral of a numb Management Centre Re-use Project, and North Goult			<b>42,879</b> the CarrConfo	<b>(50)% F</b> y Pavilion, Waste		
Cook flows from financing octivities	6 6 4 7	(2 644)	(0.259)	(420)9/		

Cash flows from financing activities6,647(2,611)(9,258)(139)%UThis result is primarily due to the deferral of a number of loan funded projects including Carr-Confoy Pavilion and WasteManagement Centre Re-use Project. Due to the deferral of these projects, the borrowings were not taken up.

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# C Financial position

# C1 Assets we manage

# C1-1 Cash and cash equivalents

2023	2022
745	925
27,883	16,542
5,000	-
33,628	17,467
	745 27,883 5,000

### Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

Total cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Financial Position	33,628	17,467
Balance as per the Statement of Cash Flows	33,628	17,467

#### Accounting policy

For Statement of Cash Flow presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents include: cash on hand; deposits held at call with financial institutions; other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value; and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

# C1-2 Financial investments

			0000	0000
	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Debt securities at amortised cost				
Long term deposits	96,500		91,022	6,000
Total	96,500		91,022	6,000
Total financial investments	96,500		91,022	6,000
Total cash assets, cash equivalents and				
investments	130,128		108,489	6,000

### Accounting policy

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Council becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

#### **Financial assets**

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### Classification

On initial recognition, Council classifies its financial assets into the following categories - those measured at:

- amortised costfair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income equity instrument (FVOCI-equity)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition.

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# C1-2 Financial investments (continued)

#### Amortised cost

Council's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables, term deposits and cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position. Term deposits with an initial term of more than 3 months are classified as investments rather than cash and cash equivalents.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Interest income, impairment and gains or loss on de-recognition are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Fair value through other comprehensive income - equity instruments

Council has no strategic investments in entities over which they do not have significant influence nor control.

#### Financial assets through profit or loss

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

## C1-3 Restricted and allocated cash, cash equivalents and investments

\$ '000		2023	2022
(a)	Externally restricted cash, cash equivalents and		
	investments		
Total	cash, cash equivalents and investments	130,128	114,489
	Externally restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	(106,938)	(90,806)
	, cash equivalents and investments not subject to external ctions	00.400	00.000
restri	cuons	23,190	23,683
Exter	nal restrictions		
	nal restrictions – included in liabilities		
Extern	al restrictions included in cash, cash equivalents and investments above comp	rise:	
	ic purpose unexpended loans – general	248	3,223
•	ic purpose unexpended loans – water	137	138
•	yee leave entitlements – domestic waste	229	246
•	yee leave entitlements – sewerage	346	366
	yee leave entitlements – water	632	684
•	ic purpose unexpended grants – general fund	8,929	6,111
	ic purpose unexpended grants – sewer fund	12,641	-
Exter	nal restrictions – included in liabilities	23,162	10,768
Exter	nal restrictions – other		
Extern compr	al restrictions included in cash, cash equivalents and investments above ise:		
Develo	oper contributions – general	4,239	6,413
Develo	oper contributions – water fund	9,486	8,881
	oper contributions – sewer fund	9,906	9,544
Nater		17,803	17,391
	supplies – incomplete works	3,969	3,868
	age services – incomplete works	24,142	17,830
	stic waste management	2,871	2,496
Sewer	fund	11,243	13,494
continu	ed on next page		Page 33 of 9

# C1-3 Restricted and allocated cash, cash equivalents and investments (continued)

\$ '000	2023	2022
Domestic Waste Management - Incomplete Works	117	121
External restrictions – other	83,776	80,038
Total external restrictions	106,938	90,806

Cash, cash equivalents and investments subject to external restrictions are those which are only available for specific use by Council due to a restriction placed by legislation or third-party contractual agreement.

\$ '000	2023	2022
(b) Internal allocations		
Cash, cash equivalents and investments not subject to external		
restrictions	23,190	23,683
Less: Internally restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	(19,298)	(17,887)
Unrestricted and unallocated cash, cash equivalents and investments	3,892	5,796
Internal allocations		
At 30 June, Council has internally allocated funds to the following:		
Plant and vehicle replacement	1,926	1,393
Employees leave entitlement	1,066	1,066
Bridges	14	14
Buildings	97	(18)
Collex/Veolia host fee	987	1,412
Community assistance scheme	278	171
Election reserve	78	13
Energy efficiency	5	5
Environment	2,755	2,231
Financial Assistance Grant	6,487	4,449
Gallery	23	72
Insurance rebates	110	110
Library development	10	13
Local roads/infrastructure	701	732
Marulan hall	138	138
Museums	148	153
Outdoor pool renewal	7	537
Performing arts	2	2
Public entertainment venue	697	611
Risk management	281	281
Social plan	33	33
Special projects	1,565	2,181
Strategic planning	511	622
	487	657
Tip replacement	131	200
Tourism	72	77
Training	100	100
Printers	120	120
Landscaped Areas Other	138	298
Total internal allocations	331	214
	19,298	17,887

Cash, cash equivalents and investments not subject to external restrictions may be internally allocated by resolution or policy of the elected Council.

\$ '000	<b>2023</b> 2022

# (c) Unrestricted and unallocated

continued on next page ...

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C1-3 Restricted and allocated cash, cash equivalents and in	3 Restricted and allocated cash, cash equivalents and investments (continu								
\$ '000	2023	2022							
Unrestricted and unallocated cash, cash equivalents and investments	3,892	5,796							

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## C1-4 Receivables

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Rates and annual charges	1,297	42	1,285	39
Interest and extra charges	57	_	34	_
Jser charges and fees	2,046	_	2,592	_
Accrued revenues	_,		_,	
<ul> <li>Interest on investments</li> </ul>	1,208	-	293	-
- Other income accruals	447	_	1,137	_
Net GST receivable	827	-	1,297	
Other debtors	23	-	284	-
Total	5,905	42	6,922	39
Less: provision for impairment				
Rates and annual charges	(34)	_	(53)	_
User charges and fees	(47)	_	(80)	_
Other debtors	(6)	-	(6)	_
Total provision for impairment –				
receivables	(87)		(139)	-
Total net receivables	5,818	42	6,783	39
Externally restricted receivables Water supply				
- Other	830	-	1,451	_
Sewerage services				
– Other	1,143		871	_
Total external restrictions	1,973		2,322	
Unrestricted receivables	3,845	42	4,461	39
Total net receivables	5,818	42	6,783	39
5 '000			2023	2022

2023	2022
139	87
139	87
	139

# Accounting policy

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

### Impairment

Impairment of financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, and when estimating ECL, the Council considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on Council's historical experience and informed credit assessment, and including forward-looking information.

When considering the ECL for rates debtors, Council takes into account that unpaid rates represent a charge against the rateable property that will be recovered when the property is next sold. For non-rates debtors, Council uses the presumption that an asset which is more than 30 days past due has seen a significant increase in credit risk.

The Council uses the presentation that a financial asset is in default when:

 the other party is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Council in full, without recourse by the Council to actions such as realising security (if any is held) or

continued on next page ...

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# C1-4 Receivables (continued)

• the financial assets (for non-rates debtors) are more than 90 days past due.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract, and the cash flows expected to be received. This is applied using a probability weighted approach.

On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

Council uses the simplified approach for trade receivables where the expected lifetime credit losses are recognised on day 1.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

The Council writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the receivables are over 1 year past due, whichever occurs first. None of the receivables that have been written off are subject to enforcement activity.

Where the Council renegotiates the terms of receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Rates and annual charges outstanding are secured against the property.

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## C1-5 Inventories

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
(i) Inventories at cost				
Stores and materials	487	-	524	_
Total inventories at cost	487		524	
Total inventories	487		524	

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Total externally restricted assets	-	_	_	_
Total internally restricted assets	-	-	_	-
Total unrestricted assets	487	-	524	-
Total inventories	487	-	524	_

### Accounting policy

### Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### Land held for resale

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed, borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as incurred.

Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

# C1-6 Contract assets and Contract cost assets

\$ '000	2023 Current	2023 Non-current	2022 Current	2022 Non-current
Contract assets	5,914	-	5,486	_
Total contract assets and contract				
cost assets	5,914		5,486	
Contract assets				
Work relating to infrastructure grants	2,151	-	2,149	-
Construction of Transport assets	2,935	-	2,921	-
Construction of Open space assets	828		416	
Total contract assets	5,914		5,486	
(i) Externally restricted assets				
Externally restricted assets				
Water	180	-	180	-
Sewer	902		847	_
Total externally restricted assets	1,082	-	1,027	-
continued on next page				Page 38 of 93

## C1-6 Contract assets and Contract cost assets (continued)

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Total restricted assets	1,082	-	1,027	-
Total unrestricted assets	4,832	-	4,459	-
Total contract assets and contract cost asset	5,914		5,486	

## **Accounting policy**

### **Contract assets**

Contract assets represent Councils right to payment in exchange for goods or services the Council has transferred to a customer when that right is conditional on something other than the passage of time.

Contract assets arise when the amounts billed to customers are based on the achievement of various milestones established in the contract and therefore the amounts recognised as revenue in a given period do not necessarily coincide with the amounts billed to or certified by the customer. Once an invoice or payment claim is raised or the relevant milestone is reached, Council recognises a receivable.

Impairment of contract assets is assessed using the simplified expected credit loss model where lifetime credit losses are recognised on initial recognition.

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By aggregated asset class		At 1 July 2022			Asset movements during the reporting period								At 30 June 2023		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Net carrying amount	Additions renewals <sup>1</sup>	Additions new assets	Carrying value of disposals	Depreciation expense	Impairment loss / revaluation decrements (recognised in P/L)	WIP transfers	Adjustments and transfers	Revaluation increments to equity (ARR)	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Net carrying amount	
Capital work in progress	69,745	_	69,745	19,660	21,440	_	_	_	(57,500)	(221)	_	53,124	_	53,124	
Plant and equipment	23,541	(12,655)	10,886		,	(360)	(2,334)	_	2,296	()	_	24,687	(14,199)	10,488	
Office equipment	5,335	(3,786)	1,549	_	_	(000)	(2,004)	_	423	-	_	5,758	(14,100)	1,187	
Furniture and fittings	1,343	(807)	536	_	_	_	(79)	_	37	_	_	1,380	(4,071)	494	
Land:	1,040	(001)	000				(10)		01			1,000	(000)		
<ul> <li>Operational land</li> </ul>	24,475	_	24,475	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	14,688	39,163	-	39,163	
– Community land	24,917	_	24,917	_	414	(81)	-	_	81	279	8,424	34,034	-	34,034	
<ul> <li>Land under roads (post 30/6/08)</li> </ul>	104	_	104	_	1	_	-	_	-	_	_	105	-	105	
Land improvements – depreciable	2,271	(727)	1,544	_	_	_	(63)	-	185	-	98	2,601	(837)	1,764	
Infrastructure:	,	( )					()					,	()	, -	
<ul> <li>Buildings – non-specialised</li> </ul>	119,872	(50,323)	69,549	_	-	-	(2,489)	-	17,535	-	3,428	139,749	(51,726)	88,023	
<ul> <li>Other structures</li> </ul>	8,296	(2,870)	5,426	_	-	-	(288)	-	6,537	-	879	15,960	(3,406)	12,554	
– Roads	731,469	(225,659)	505,810	_	3,853	(5,960)	(9,657)	(244)	9,490	222	29,210	775,461	(242,737)	532,724	
– Bridges	160,756	(41,844)	118,912	_	-	(2,701)	(1,215)	_	5,311	-	6,804	171,613	(44,502)	127,111	
- Footpaths	52,025	(10,398)	41,627	_	-	(172)	(1,163)	-	1,309	64	2,440	56,286	(12,181)	44,105	
<ul> <li>Stormwater drainage</li> </ul>	165,149	(48,095)	117,054	-	841	_	(1,765)	(25)	1,211	10	8,911	179,964	(53,727)	126,237	
<ul> <li>Water supply network</li> </ul>	330,130	(102,099)	228,031	-	113	-	(3,596)	_	-	-	17,301	355,694	(113,845)	241,849	
<ul> <li>Sewerage network</li> </ul>	211,497	(53,445)	158,052	-	237	-	(2,734)	-	-	-	11,973	228,038	(60,510)	167,528	
<ul> <li>Swimming pools</li> </ul>	1,724	(861)	863	_	-	-	(78)	-	12,684	-	62	14,547	(1,016)	13,531	
<ul> <li>Other open space/recreational assets</li> <li>Other assets:</li> </ul>	23,606	(3,303)	20,303	-	-	(130)	(1,310)	-	360	(1,423)	1,382	24,153	(4,971)	19,182	
- Library books	1.432	(1.007)	345				(407)			(4)		4 424	(4.074)	157	
– Other	906	(1,087) (320)	586	-	-	_	(187) (188)	-	41	(1) 1,144	_	1,431 2,091	(1,274) (508)	1,583	
Reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration assets (refer Note C3-5):	906	(320)	000	-	-	-	(100)	-	41	1,144	-	2,091	(508)	1,565	
– Tip assets	11.485	(3,041)	8.444	_	_	_	(619)	_	_	1	_	11.486	(3,660)	7,826	
– Quarry assets	246	(118)	128	-	_	_	(14)	_	-	1	_	246	(131)	115	
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	1,970,324	(561,438)	1,408,886	19,660	26,899	(9,404)	(28,564)	(269)	-	76	105,600	2,137,571	(614,687)	1,522,884	

# C1-7 Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

(1) Renewals are defined as the replacement of existing assets (as opposed to the acquisition of new assets).

By aggregated asset class		At 1 July 2021				Asset movem	At 30 June 2022						
\$ '000	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Net carrying amount	Additions new assets	Carrying value of disposals	Depreciation expense	Impairment loss / revaluation decrements (recognised in P/L)	WIP transfers	Adjustments and transfers	Revaluation increments to equity (ARR)	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Net carrying amount
Capital work in progress	48,724	-	48,724	59,130	-	-	-	(38,109)	-	-	69,745	-	69,745
Plant and equipment	22,099	(11,658)	10,441	2,172	(192)	(1,627)	-	194	(102)	-	23,541	(12,655)	10,886
Office equipment	4,893	(3,094)	1,799	-	-	(691)	-	441	-	-	5,335	(3,786)	1,549
Furniture and fittings Land:	1,381	(1,098)	283	-	-	(73)	-	96	230	-	1,343	(807)	536
<ul> <li>Operational land</li> </ul>	21,305	-	21,305	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,169	24,475	-	24,475
<ul> <li>Community land</li> </ul>	22,643	-	22,643	8	-	-	-	-	-	2,266	24,917	-	24,917
<ul> <li>Land under roads (post 30/6/08)</li> </ul>	104	-	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104	-	104
Land improvements – depreciable	2,191	(644)	1,547	-	-	(57)	-	_	-	54	2,271	(727)	1,544
Infrastructure:													
– Buildings – non-specialised	87,292	(43,590)	43,702	982	-	(1,742)	-	22,034	(139)	4,712	119,872	(50,323)	69,549
<ul> <li>Other structures</li> </ul>	7,328	(2,358)	4,970	-	-	(214)	-	118	_	552	8,296	(2,870)	5,426
– Roads	654,216	(195,354)	458,862	657	-	(8,291)	-	5,817	-	48,765	731,469	(225,659)	505,810
– Bridges	144,784	(36,541)	108,243	-	_	(1,222)	_	316	_	11,575	160,756	(41,844)	118,912
– Footpaths	46,735	(8,793)	37,942	138	_	(591)	_	86	_	4,052	52,025	(10,398)	41,627
– Stormwater drainage	147,096	(41,143)	105,953	690	_	(1,921)	_	132	_	12,200	165,149	(48,095)	117,054
- Water supply network	290,670	(96,630)	194,040	445	_	(2,920)	_	2	45	36,419	330,130	(102,099)	228,031
– Sewerage network	174,696	(64,706)	109,990	869	_	(2,401)	_	15	(45)	49,624	211,497	(53,445)	158,052
– Swimming pools	1,426	(673)	753	_	_	(61)	_	52	-	119	1,724	(861)	863
– Other open space/recreational	.,	()				()					.,	()	
assets Other assets:	12,731	(2,296)	10,435	-	-	(529)	-	8,677	9	1,711	23,606	(3,303)	20,303
– Library books	4.047	(00.1)				(150)					4 400	(1.007)	0.15
– Other	1,317	(931)	386	-	-	(156)	-	115	-	-	1,432	(1,087)	345
Reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration assets (refer Note C3-5):	886	(161)	725	_	-	(155)	-	14	2	_	906	(320)	586
– Tip assets	11,486	(2,455)	9,031	-	_	(586)	_	_	_	_	11,485	(3,041)	8,444
– Quarry assets	246	(104)	142	_	_		(14)	_	_	_	246	(118)	128
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	1,704,249	(512,229)	1,192,020	65,091	(192)	(23,237)	(14)	_	_	175,218	1,970,324	(561,438)	1,408,886

# C1-7 Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

## C1-7 Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

### Accounting policy

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment are held at fair value. Independent valuations are performed at least every five years, however the carrying amount of assets is assessed at each reporting date to confirm that it is not materially different from current fair value.

Water and sewerage network assets are indexed at each reporting period in accordance with the Rates Reference Manual issued by Crown Lands and Water (CLAW).

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation are credited to the revaluation reserve. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognising profit or loss relating to that asset class, the increase is first recognised as profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of assets in the same class are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the class; all other decreases are charged to the Income Statement.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Income Statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Plant and equipment	Years	Other equipment	Years
Office equipment	5 to 10	Playground equipment	5 to 15
Office furniture	10 to 20	Benches, seats etc.	10 to 20
Computer equipment	4		
Vehicles	5 to 8	Buildings	
Heavy plant/road making equipment	5 to 8	Buildings: masonry	50 to 100
Other plant and equipment	5 to 15	Buildings: other	10 to 40
Water and sewer assets		Stormwater assets	
Dams and reservoirs	80 to 215	Drains	80 to 100
Bores	20 to 40	Culverts	50 to 80
Reticulation pipes: PVC	70 to 208	Flood control structures	50 to 100
Reticulation pipes: other	25 to 75		
Pumps and telemetry	15 to 117		
Transportation assets		Other infrastructure assets	
Sealed roads: surface	20	Bulk earthworks	200
Sealed roads: structure	50	Swimming pools	10-50
Unsealed roads	20	Unsealed roads	20
Bridge: concrete	100-107	Other open space/recreational assets	4 - 110
Bridge: other	50	Other infrastructure	20
Road pavements - Base	50-70		
Road pavements - Sub Base	70-90		
Kerb, gutter and footpaths	40		

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Income Statement.

#### Land under roads

Land under roads is land under roadways and road reserves including land under footpaths, nature strips and median strips.

Council has elected not to recognise land under roads acquired before 1 July 2008. Land under roads acquired after 1 July 2008 is recognised in accordance with the IPPE accounting policy.

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# C1-7 Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

### **Crown reserves**

Crown reserves under Council's care and control are recognised as assets of the council. While ownership of the reserves remains with the Crown, Council retains operational control of the reserves and is responsible for their maintenance and use in accordance with the specific purposes to which the reserves are dedicated.

Improvements on Crown reserves are also recorded as assets, while maintenance costs incurred by Council and revenues relating to the reserves are recognised within Council's Income Statement.

### **Rural Fire Service assets**

Under Section 119 of the *Rural Fire Services Act* 1997 (*NSW*), "all firefighting equipment purchased or constructed wholly or from money to the credit of the Fund is to be vested in the council of the area for or on behalf of which the firefighting equipment has been purchased or constructed". Until such time as discussions on this matter have concluded and the legislation changed, Council will recognise rural fire service assets including land and buildings.

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# Externally restricted infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

		as at 30/06/23			as at 30/06/22	
		Accumulated	Net	Gross	Accumulated	Net
	carrying	depn. and	carrying	carrying	depn. and	carrying
\$ '000	amount	impairment	amount	amount	impairment	amoun
Water supply						
WIP	5,935	-	5,935	3,342	_	3,342
Plant and equipment	1,051	395	656	1,051	367	684
Land						
– Operational land	4,759	-	4,759	2,300	_	2,300
<ul> <li>Improvements – depreciable</li> </ul>	436	168	268	412	151	261
Buildings	1,690	1,311	379	1,454	1,096	358
Other structures	22	19	3	19	16	3
Infrastructure	354,332	113,603	240,729	328,767	101,857	226,910
Total water supply	368,225	115,496	252,729	337,345	103,487	233,858
Sewerage services						
WIP	16,342	-	16,342	9,520	_	9,520
Plant and equipment	256	256	-	256	245	. 11
Furniture and fittings	29	5	24	29	5	24
Land						
– Operational land	11,803	-	11,803	7,668	-	7,668
– Community land	175	-	175	143	-	143
Buildings	2,339	1,978	361	2,240	1,870	370
Other structures	42	37	5	36	30	6
Infrastructure	227,634	60,156	167,478	211,094	53,089	158,005
Total sewerage services	258,620	62,432	196,188	230,986	55,239	175,747
Domestic waste management						
WIP	45	-	45	45	-	45
Plant and equipment	8	8	-	8	8	-
Other structures	29	12	17	29	12	17
Total domestic waste						
management	82	20	62	82	20	62
Fotal restricted						
infrastructure, property, plant						
and equipment	626,927	177,948	448.979	568,413	158,746	409,667

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## C1-8 Investment properties

\$ '000	2023	2022
Owned investment property		
Investment property on hand at fair value	5,500	4,400
Total owned investment property	5,500	4,400
Owned investment property		
At fair value		
Opening balance at 1 July	4,400	4,300
Net gain/(loss) from fair value adjustments	1,100	100
Closing balance at 30 June	5,500	4,400

### **Accounting policy**

Investment property, principally comprising freehold office buildings, is held for long-term rental yields and is not occupied by the Council. Changes in fair values are recorded in the Income Statement as part of other income.

# C1-9 Other

## Other assets

\$ '000	2023 Current	2023 Non-current	2022 Current	2022 Non-current
Prepayments	402		363	
Total other assets	402		363	

## **Externally restricted assets**

	0000	0000	0000	0000
	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Water				
Prepayments	_	_	194	_
Total water	-	_	194	_
Sewerage				
Prepayments			58	
Total sewerage			58	

## Current other assets not anticipated to be settled within the next 12 months

The following inventories and other assets, even though classified as current are not expected to be recovered in the next 12 months;

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Total externally restricted assets	_	_	252	_
Total internally restricted assets	-	-	-	_
Total unrestricted assets	402	-	111	_
Total other assets	402	_	363	

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# C2 Leasing activities

# C2-1 Council as a lessee

Council currently has a lease over part of a building that it utilizes to run a community Centre from. This property is located at 155 Auburn Street Goulburn. Information relating to this lease and associated balances and transactions is provided below:

#### Terms and conditions of leases

#### **Buildings**

Council currently has a lease over part of a building that it utilises to run a community centre from. This property is located at 155 Auburn Street Goulburn. The original lease term was for a period of 5 years and commenced on 1 July 2018. This lease allows for a renewal option for another 5 year period.

This lease contains an annual pricing mechanism based on either a 3% increase or CPI increase, whichever is greater, at each anniversary of the lease inception.

#### **Extension options**

Council included an option in this building lease to provide flexibility and certainty to Council operations and reduce costs of moving premises; and this extension option is at Council's discretion.

At commencement date and each subsequent reporting date, Council assesses where it is reasonably certain that the extension option will be exercised.

There are \$923k in potential future lease payments which are not included in lease liabilities as Council has assessed that the exercise of the option is not reasonably certain.

The current lease ended 30/06/2023. As at 17/08/2023, Council is still in the process of negotiating the new lease, and is renting this property on a month-on-month basis. Therefore, the lease liability relating to this property is stated nil as at 30/06/2023.

## (a) Right of use assets

\$ '000	Buildings	Total
2023 Opening balance at 1 July	126	126
	120	120
Depreciation charge	(126)	(126)
Balance at 30 June		-
2022		
Opening balance at 1 July	285	285
Depreciation charge	(136)	(136)
Balance at 30 June	126	126

## (b) Lease liabilities

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Lease liabilities			103	
Total lease liabilities	-	-	103	_

## (c) (i) The maturity analysis

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows is shown in the table below:

continued on next page ...

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## C2-1 Council as a lessee (continued)

\$ '000	< 1 year	1 – 5 years	> 5 years	Total	Total per Statement of Financial Position
2022 Cash flows	137	_	_	137	103

## (d) Income Statement

The amounts recognised in the Income Statement relating to leases where Council is a lessee are shown below:

\$ '000	2023	2022
Interest on lease liabilities	1	6
terest on lease liabilities epreciation of right of use assets	136	136
	137	142

## (e) Statement of Cash Flows

Total cash outflow for leases	(141)	(144)
	(141)	(144)

## (f) Leases at significantly below market value – concessionary / peppercorn leases

## **Accounting policy**

At inception of a contract, Council assesses whether a lease exists – i.e. does the contract convey the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration?

Council has elected not to separate non-lease components from lease components for any class of asset and has accounted for payments as a single component.

At the lease commencement, Council recognises a right-of-use asset and associated lease liability for the lease term. The lease term includes extension periods where Council believes it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model where cost on initial recognition comprises: the lease liability, initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, estimated cost of removal and restoration, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of asset accounting policy.

The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement of the lease. The discount rate is the rate implicit in the lease, however where this cannot be readily determined then the Council's incremental borrowing rate for a similar term with similar security is used.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is re-measured when there is a lease modification, or change in estimate of the lease term or index upon which the lease payments are based (e.g. CPI).

Where the lease liability is re-measured, the right-of-use asset is adjusted to reflect the re-measurement.

#### Exceptions to lease accounting

Council has applied the exceptions to lease accounting for both short-term leases (i.e. leases with a term of less than or equal to 12 months) and leases of low-value assets. Council recognises the payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Leases at significantly below market value / Concessionary leases

Council has elected to measure the right of use asset arising from the concessionary leases at cost which is based on the associated lease liability at initial recognition.

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# C2-2 Council as a lessor

## Operating leases

Council leases out a number of properties. These leases have been classified as operating leases for financial reporting purposes and the assets are included as investment property (refer note C1-9) and/or IPP&E.

The amounts recognised in the Income Statement relating to operating leases where Council is a lessor are shown below:

\$ '000	2023	2022
(i) Assets held as investment property		

Investment property operating lease relates to 56 Clinton Street Goulburn NSW 2580 by the council for community services.

The amounts recognised in the Income Statement relating to operating leases where Council is a lessor are shown below

Lease income (excluding variable lease payments not dependent on an index or rate)	360	324
Total income relating to operating leases for investment property assets	360	324

#### (ii) Assets held as property, plant and equipment

(iii) Maturity analysis of undiscounted lease payments to be received after reporting date for all operating leases:

Maturity analysis of future lease income receivable showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after reporting date for operating leases:

≤ 1 year	341	249
1–2 years	263	47
Total undiscounted lease payments to be received	604	296

## **Accounting policy**

When Council is a lessor, the lease is classified as either an operating or finance lease at inception date, based on whether substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the asset have been transferred to the lessee. If the risks and rewards have been transferred then the lease is classified as a finance lease, otherwise it is an operating lease.

When Council has a sub-lease over an asset and is the intermediate lessor then the head lease and sub-lease are accounted for separately. The classification of the sub-lease is based on the right-of-use asset which arises from the head lease rather than the useful life of the underlying asset.

If the lease contains lease and non-lease components then the non-lease components are accounted for in accordance with AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The lease income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Council has concluded that the low value exception amount to be applied is \$10,000 and below.

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# C3 Liabilities of Council

# C3-1 Payables

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Payables				
Goods and services – operating expenditure	3,662	-	3,929	-
Goods and services – capital expenditure	805	-	1,290	-
Accrued expenses:				
– Borrowings	238	-	252	-
– Salaries and wages	85	-	(4)	-
<ul> <li>Other expenditure accruals</li> </ul>	329	-	239	-
Security bonds, deposits and retentions	1,952	-	1,765	-
Performing Art centre shows	257	-	183	-
Regional Hockey Facility	300	1,800	300	2,100
Other	33	-	42	-
Prepaid rates	1,749	-	1,623	-
Total payables	9,410	1,800	9,619	2,100
Total payables	9,410	1.800	9.619	2.100

# Payables relating to restricted assets

	2023	2023	2022	2022
A 1999				
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Externally restricted assets				
Water	726	-	710	-
Sewer	30	-	30	-
Domestic waste management	1		1	-
Payables relating to externally restricted assets	757	-	741	-
Total payables relating to restricted assets	757		741	_
Total payables relating to unrestricted assets	8,653	1,800	8,878	2,100
Total payables	9,410	1,800	9,619	2,100

continued on next page ...

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## C3-1 Payables (continued)

Current payables not anticipated to be settled within the next twelve months				
\$ '000	2023	2022		
The following liabilities, even though classified as current, are not expected to be settled in the next 12 months.				
Payables – security bonds, deposits and retentions	970	911		
Total payables	970	911		

### Accounting policy

Council measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

### **Payables**

Payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to Council prior to the end of financial year that are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

# C3-2 Contract Liabilities

		2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Notes	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Grants and contributions received in advance:					
Unexpended capital grants (to construct Council controlled assets)	(i)	18,174	-	3,707	-
Unexpended operating grants (received prior to performance					
obligation being satisfied)	(ii)	904	-	275	-
Unexpended capital contributions (to construct Council controlled assets)	(i)	158	_	2,129	_
Total grants received in advance	(.)	19,236		6,111	
		19,230		0,111	
User fees and charges received in ac Other	lvance:	673		936	
Total user fees and charges		0/3	<b>_</b>	930	
received in advance		673		936	
Total contract liabilities		19,909		7,047	_

### Notes

(i) Council has received funding to construct assets including sporting facilities, bridges, library and other infrastructure. The funds received are under an enforceable contract which require Council to construct an identified asset which will be under Council's control on completion. The revenue is recognised as Council constructs the asset and the contract liability reflects the funding received which cannot yet be recognised as revenue. The revenue is expected to be recognised in the next 12 months.

(ii) The contract liability relates to grants received prior to the revenue recognition criteria in AASB 1058 being satisfied since the performance obligations are ongoing.

(iii) Upfront membership fees for the leisure centre do not meet the definition of a performance obligation and therefore the funds received are recorded as a contract liability on receipt and recognised as revenue over the expected average membership life.

## Contract liabilities relating to restricted assets

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current

## Externally restricted assets

continued on next page ...

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# C3-2 Contract Liabilities (continued)

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Sewer	12,641	-	_	-
Unspent grants held as contract liabilities (excl. Water & Sewer)	6,595		6,111	
Contract liabilities relating to externally restricted assets	19,236	-	6,111	-
Total contract liabilities relating to restricted assets	19,236	_	6,111	_
Total contract liabilities relating to unrestricted assets	673	-	936	_
Total contract liabilities	19,909	_	7,047	_

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

\$ '000	2023	2022
Grants and contributions received in advance:		
Capital grants (to construct Council controlled assets)	2,947	3,823
Operating grants (received prior to performance obligation being satisfied)	92	238
User fees and charges received in advance:		
Other	660	42
Total revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability		
balance at the beginning of the period	3,699	4,103

### Significant changes in contract liabilities

The significant increase to contract liabilities compared to the prior year is due to \$11 million in grant funding for the Waste Water Treatment Plant extension being paid up front and the project is not due to commence until 2023/24 financial year.

#### Accounting policy

Contract liabilities are recorded when consideration is received from a customer / fund provider prior to Council transferring a good or service to the customer, Council presents the funds which exceed revenue recognised as a contract liability.

## C3-3 Borrowings

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Loans – secured 1	2,283	33,517	2,521	35,800
Total borrowings	2,283	33,517	2,521	35,800

<sup>(1)</sup> Loans are secured over the general rating income of Council.

Disclosures on liability interest rate risk exposures, fair value disclosures and security can be found in Note E1-1.

### Borrowings relating to restricted assets

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Externally restricted assets				
Water	629	10,821	588	11,450
Sewer	293	1,960	276	2,613
Borrowings relating to externally restricted assets	922	12,781	864	14,063

continued on next page ...

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# C3-3 Borrowings (continued)

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Total borrowings relating to restricted assets	922	12,781	864	14,063
Total borrowings relating to unrestricted assets	1,361	20,736	1,657	21,737
Total borrowings	2,283	33,517	2,521	35,800

## Current borrowings not anticipated to be settled within the next twelve months

The following borrowings, even though classified as current, are not expected to be settled in the next 12 months.

## (a) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

	2022		Non-cash movements				2023
\$ '000	Opening Balance	- Cash flows	Acquisition	Fair value changes	Acquisition due to change in accounting policy		Closing balance
<i>a</i> 000	Dalarice	Casil IIOWS	Acquisition	changes	policy	movement	Dalance
Loans – secured Lease liability (Note C2-1b)	38,321 103	(2,521) (103)	-	-	-	Ξ	35,800
Total liabilities from financing activities	38,424	(2,624)	_	_	_	_	35,800

	2021		Non-cash movements				2022
					Acquisition due to change in		
	Opening			Fair value	accounting	Other non-cash	
\$ '000	Balance	Cash flows	Acquisition	changes	policy	movement	Closing balance
Loans – secured	00.077	5.044					00.004
	32,377	5,944	-	-	-	-	38,321
Lease liability (Note C2-1b)	274	(171)	-	-	-	-	103
Total liabilities from financing							
activities	32.651	5.773	_	_	_	_	38,424

## (b) Financing arrangements

\$ '000	2023	2022
Total facilities		
Credit cards/purchase cards	110	110
Total financing arrangements	110	110
Undrawn facilities		
<ul> <li>Credit cards/purchase cards</li> </ul>	110	110
Total undrawn financing arrangements	110	110

### Additional financing arrangements information

#### Breaches and defaults

During the current and prior year, there were no defaults or breaches on any of the loans.

### Security over loans

Loans are secured over future cash flows.

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# C3-3 Borrowings (continued)

### **Accounting policy**

Council measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Borrowings are removed from the Statement of Financial Position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in other income or borrowing costs.

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# C3-4 Employee benefit provisions

	2023	2023	2022	2022
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Annual leave	2,404	_	2,279	_
Sick leave	36	-	37	_
Long service leave	4,471	887	5,052	955
Other leave	100	-	100	-
Total employee benefit provisions	7,011	887	7,468	955

## Employee benefit provisions relating to restricted assets

Externally restricted assets				
Water	548	84	593	91
Sewer	309	37	324	40
Domestic Waste Management	229		246	
Employee benefit provisions relating to externally restricted assets	1,086	121	1,163	131
Total employee benefit provisions relating to restricted assets	1,086	121	1,163	131
Total employee benefit provisions relating to unrestricted assets	5,925	766	6,305	824
Total employee benefit provisions	7,011	887	7,468	955

## Current employee benefit provisions not anticipated to be settled within the next twelve months

\$ '000	2023	2022
The following provisions, even though classified as current, are not expected to be settled in the next 12 months. Provisions – employees benefits	4 5 4 4	4 506
	4,544	4,596
	4,544	4,596

## Description of and movements in provisions

	ELE provisions						
\$ '000	Annual leave	Sick leave	Long service leave	Other employee benefits	Total		
2023							
At beginning of year	2,279	37	6,007	100	8,423		
Other	125	(1)	(649)	-	(525)		
Total ELE provisions at end of year	2,404	36	5,358	100	7,898		
2022							
At beginning of year	2,539	39	6,135	41	8,754		
Other	(260)	(2)	(128)	59	(331)		
Total ELE provisions at end of year	2,279	37	6,007	100	8,423		

### **Accounting policy**

Employee benefit provisions are presented as current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position if Council does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur and therefore all annual leave and vested long service leave (or that which vests within 12 months) is presented as current.

### Short-term obligations

continued on next page ...

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# C3-4 Employee benefit provisions (continued)

Liabilities for wages and salaries (including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service) are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave and accumulating sick leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

### Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long-service leave and annual leave that is not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

#### On-costs

The employee benefit provisions include the aggregate on-cost liabilities that will arise when payment of current employee benefits is made in future periods.

These amounts include superannuation, payroll tax and workers compensation expenses which will be payable upon the future payment of certain leave liabilities which employees are entitled to at the reporting period.

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# C3-5 Provisions

2023	2023	2022	2022
Current	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current
-	13,957	_	13,728
-	425	_	414
-	14,382	-	14,142
_	14,382		14,142
		Current         Non-Current           –         13,957           –         425           –         14,382	Current         Non-Current         Current           -         13,957         -           -         425         -           -         14,382         -

(\*) Comparatives moved to Non-Current to reflect correct categorisation

Provisions relating to restricted assets			
Total provisions relating to restricted assets		_	 _
Total provisions relating to unrestricted assets		14,382	 14,142
Total provisions	_	14,382	 14,142

## Description of and movements in provisions

	Other provi	Other provisions			
S '000	Asset remediation	Total			
2023					
At beginning of year	14,142	14,142			
Unwinding of discount	240	240			
Total other provisions at end of year	14,382	14,382			
2022					
At beginning of year	13,931	13,931			
Unwinding of discount	211	211			
Total other provisions at end of year	14,142	14,142			

### Nature and purpose of provisions

#### Asset remediation

Council has a legal/public obligation to make, restore, rehabilitate and reinstate the council tip and quarry.

## Accounting policy

Provisions are recognised when Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a borrowing cost.

### Asset remediation - tips and quarries

Provision for close-down restoration and environmental cleanup costs

continued on next page ...

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# C3-5 Provisions (continued)

	Provision \$000	Years to remediation
Goulburn Tip	\$12,074	12
Marulan Tip	\$1,883	18
Gravel Pits	\$425	11

### Restoration

Close-down and restoration costs include the dismantling and demolition of infrastructure, and the removal of residual materials and remediation of disturbed areas. Estimated close-down and restoration costs are provided for in the accounting period when the obligation arising from the related disturbance occurs, whether this occurs during the development or during the operation phase, based on the net present value of estimated future costs.

Provisions for close-down and restoration costs do not include any additional obligations which are expected to arise from future disturbance. The costs are estimated on the basis of a closure plan. The cost estimates are calculated annually during the life of the operation to reflect known developments, e.g. updated cost estimates and revisions to the estimated lives of operations, and are subject to formal review at regular intervals.

#### Rehabilitation

Where rehabilitation is conducted systematically over the life of the operation, rather than at the time of closure, provision is made for the estimated outstanding continuous rehabilitation work at each reporting date, and the cost is charged to the Income Statement.

Provision is made for the estimated present value of the costs of environmental clean-up obligations outstanding at the reporting date. These costs are charged to the Income Statement. Movements in the environmental clean-up provisions are presented as an operating cost, except for the unwinding of the discount which is shown as a borrowing cost.

Remediation procedures generally commence soon after the time the damage, remediation process, and estimated remediation costs become known, but may continue for many years depending on the nature of the disturbance and the remediation techniques.

As noted above, the ultimate cost of environmental remediation is uncertain and cost estimates can vary in response to many factors, including changes to the relevant legal requirements, the emergence of new restoration techniques, or experience at other locations. The expected timing of expenditure can also change, for example in response to changes in quarry reserves or production rates. As a result, there could be significant adjustments to the provision for close down and restoration and environmental clean-up, which would affect future financial results.

Other movements in the provisions for close-down and restoration costs, including those resulting from new disturbance, updated cost estimates, changes to the estimated lives of operations, and revisions to discount rates, are capitalised within property, plant and equipment. These costs are then depreciated over the lives of the assets to which they relate.

Close-down and restoration costs are a normal consequence of tip and quarry operations, and the majority of close-down and restoration expenditure is incurred at the end of the life of the operations. Although the ultimate cost to be incurred is uncertain, Council estimates the respective costs based on feasibility and engineering studies using current restoration standards and techniques.

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# C4 Reserves

# C4-1 Nature and purpose of reserves

### **IPPE Revaluation reserve**

The infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (IPPE) revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements in the revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment.

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# D Council structure

# D1 Results by fund

General fund refers to all Council activities other than water and sewer. All amounts disclosed in this note are gross i.e. inclusive of internal charges and recoveries made between the funds. Assets and liabilities shown in the water and sewer columns are restricted for use for these activities.

# D1-1 Income Statement by fund

\$ '000	General 2023	Water 2023	Sewer 2023
Income from continuing operations			
Rates and annual charges	28,040	2,748	10,407
User charges and fees	10,152	6,837	2,363
Interest and investment revenue	1,050	930	1,570
Other revenues	1,354	125	78
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	20,576	36	-
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	15,717	960	3,401
Other income	1,460	-	-
Total income from continuing operations	78,349	11,636	17,819
Expenses from continuing operations			
Employee benefits and on-costs	25,144	1,849	1,606
Materials and services	17,498	4,909	4,278
Borrowing costs	999	814	114
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of non-financial assets	22,496	3,697	2,776
Other expenses	939	_	_
Net losses from the disposal of assets	5,650	_	-
Total expenses from continuing operations	72,726	11,269	8,774
Operating result from continuing operations	5,623	367	9,045
Net operating result for the year	5,623	367	9,045
Net operating result attributable to each council fund	5,623	367	9,045
Net operating result for the year before grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	(10,094)	(593)	5,644

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# D1-2 Statement of Financial Position by fund

\$ '000	General 2023	Water 2023	Sewer 2023
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	19,773	2,680	11,175
Investments	20,050	29,347	47,103
Receivables	3,845	830	1,143
Inventories	487	_	_
Contract assets and contract cost assets	4,832	180	902
Other	,	176	239
Total current assets	48,987	33,213	60,562
Non-current assets			
Receivables	42	-	-
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	1,073,965	252,729	196,190
Investment property	5,500	-	-
Other		2,578	3,277
Total non-current assets	1,079,507	255,307	199,467
Total assets	1,128,494	288,520	260,029
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	8,654	726	30
Contract liabilities	7,268	-	12,641
Borrowings	1,374	629	293
Employee benefit provision	6,154	548	309
Total current liabilities	23,450	1,903	13,273
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	1,800	_	_
Borrowings	26,591	10,821	1,960
Employee benefit provision	766	84	37
Provisions Total non-current liabilities	<u>14,382</u> 43,539		1,997
Total liabilities	66,989	12,808	15,270
		· ·	
Net assets	1,061,505	275,712	244,759
EQUITY			
Accumulated surplus	273,151	96,774	132,807
Revaluation reserves	788,354	178,938	111,952
Council equity interest	1,061,505	275,712	244,759
Total equity	1,061,505	275,712	244,759

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# D1-3 Details of internal loans

(in accordance with s410(3) of the Local Government Act 1993)

Details of individual internal loans	Council ID / Ref	Council ID / Ref
Borrower (by purpose)	General Fund	General Fund
Lender (by purpose)	Sewer Fund	Sewer & Water Fund
Date of Minister's approval	8 July 2019	8 June 2021
Date raised	30 June 2019	30 June 2021
Term years	15	15
Dates of maturity	30 June 2034	30 June 2036
Rate of interest (%)	2.00%	Variable
Amount originally raised (\$'000)	\$1,000,000	\$6,300,000

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# E Risks and accounting uncertainties

# E1-1 Risks relating to financial instruments held

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including (1) price risk, (2) credit risk, (3) liquidity risk and (4) interest rate risk.

The Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by Council's finance section under policies approved by the Council.

A comparison by category of the carrying amounts and fair values of Council's financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements is presented below.

	Carrying value	Carrying value	Fair value	Fair value
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022
Financial assets				
Measured at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	33,628	17,467	28,628	10,947
Receivables Investments	5,860	6,822	5,860	5,744
<ul> <li>Debt securities at amortised cost</li> </ul>	96,500	97,022	101,500	79,000
Total financial assets	135,988	121,311	135,988	95,691
Financial liabilities				
Payables	11,210	11,719	11,209	11,719
Borrowings	35,800	38,321	35,800	38,320
Total financial liabilities	47,010	50,040	47,009	50,039

Fair value is determined as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables are estimated to be the carrying value that approximates market value.
- Borrowings and measure at amortised cost investments are based upon estimated future cash flows discounted by the current market interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles, unless quoted market prices are available.
- Financial assets classified (i) at fair value through profit and loss or (ii) at fair value through other comprehensive income – are based upon quoted market prices (in active markets for identical investments) at the reporting date or independent valuation.

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital.

Council has an investment policy which complies with the Local Government Act 1993 and Minister's investment order 625. This policy is regularly reviewed by Council and it's staff and an investment report is tabled before Council on a monthly basis setting out the portfolio breakup and its performance as required by Local Government regulations.

The risks associated with the instruments held are:

- **Price risk** the risk that the capital value of Investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether there changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their issuers or are caused by factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.
- Interest rate risk the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns and income.
- Liquidity risk the risk that Council will not be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.
- **Credit risk** the risk that the investment counterparty will not complete their obligations particular to a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss to Council be it of a capital or income nature.

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# E1-1 Risks relating to financial instruments held (continued)

Council manages these risks (amongst other measures) by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees.

#### (a) Market risk - interest rate and price risk

\$ '000	2023	2022
The impact on result for the year and equity of a reasonably possible movement in the price of investments held and interest rates is shown below. The reasonably possible movements were determined based on historical movements and economic conditions in place at the reporting date.		
Impact of a 1% movement in interest rates		
– Equity / Income Statement	1,294	1,032
Impact of a 10% movement in price of investments		
– Equity / Income Statement	_	_

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# E1-1 Risks relating to financial instruments held (continued)

## (b) Credit risk

Council's major receivables comprise (i) rates and annual charges and (ii) user charges and fees.

Council manages the credit risk associated with these receivables by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery procedures. Council also encourages ratepayers to pay their rates by the due date through incentives.

The credit risk for liquid funds and other short-term financial assets is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk, whether through exposure to individual customers, specific industry sectors and/or regions.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council quarterly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subjected to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

### Credit risk profile

### **Receivables – rates and annual charges**

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land; that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates which further encourages payment.

	Not yet overdue rates and annual charges							
\$ '000	overdue	< 5 years	≥ 5 years	Total				
023 ross carrying amount	-	1,313	26	1,339				
2022 Gross carrying amount	1,324	_	_	1,324				

#### Receivables - non-rates and annual charges and contract assets

Council applies the simplified approach for non-rates and annual charges debtors and contract assets to provide for expected credit losses, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision at inception. To measure the expected credit losses, non-rates and annual charges debtors and contract assets have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The loss allowance provision is determined as follows. The expected credit losses incorporate forward-looking information.

	Not yet Overdue debts						
\$ '000	overdue	0 - 30 days	31 - 60 days	61 - 90 days	> 91 days	Total	
2023							
Gross carrying amount	8,853	26	530	54	1,059	10,522	
Expected loss rate (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%	1.01%	
ECL provision		-			106	106	
2022							
Gross carrying amount	9,325	1,038	47	159	554	11,123	
Expected loss rate (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	25.00%	1.25%	
ECL provision	_	_	_	_	139	139	

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# E1-1 Risks relating to financial instruments held (continued)

## (c) Liquidity risk

Payables, lease liabilities and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk; that is, the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due.

Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels, and by maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended, and overdraft facilities drawn upon in extenuating circumstances.

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk: the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. Council manages this risk through diversification of borrowing types, maturities and interest rate structures.

The finance team regularly reviews interest rate movements to determine if it would be advantageous to refinance or renegotiate part or all of the loan portfolio.

The timing of cash flows presented in the table below to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates. The timing of expected outflows is not expected to be materially different from contracted cashflows.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the undiscounted contracted cash flows for non-lease liabilities (refer to Note C2-1(b) for lease liabilities) and therefore the balances in the table may not equal the balances in the Statement of Financial Position due to the effect of discounting.

	Weighted average	Subject		payable in:			Actual
\$ '000	interest rate	to no maturity	≤ 1 Year	1 - 5 Years	> 5 Years	Total cash outflows	carrying values
2023							
Payables	0.00%	1,952	7,457	1,200	600	11,209	11,210
Borrowings	4.55%		2,283	8,826	24,691	35,800	35,800
Total financial liabilities		1,952	9,740	10,026	25,291	47,009	47,010
2022							
Payables	0.00%	1,765	6,232	1,200	900	10,097	11,719
Borrowings	4.55%	-	2,521	8,838	26,962	38,321	38,321
Total financial liabilities		1,765	8,753	10,038	27,862	48,418	50,040

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## E2-1 Fair value measurement

The Council measures the following asset and liability classes at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

- Investment property

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various accounting standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a 'level' in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The fair value of an asset (or liability) should reflect market conditions at the measurement date. This has become more challenging due to the uncertainty of the economic impact of COVID 19. Some key factors and risks to consider when measuring fair value using a valuation technique including the economic activity level and the credit and liquidity risk in the current environment is quite uncertain.

- The cost approach is particularly suited to assets such as specialised buildings, specialised plant and infrastructure held for their service potential, and specialised or unique heritage assets where there are no observable market selling prices. The cost approach assumes fair value reflects the amount that would be required to replace the service capacity of the asset. No significant changes to the fair value are expected under the cost approach except where assets have been destroyed or damaged. Councils Non specialised buildings, specialised plant and Infrastructure assets of \$ 139,749,200 are valued under the Cost approach.
- The market approach is mainly used for land and non-specialised buildings. Comparable transactions and market evidence from the outbreak to the relevant date of valuation are extremely limited. Our valuation was based on the information available to us as at the time of valuation. Whilst all reasonable steps were taken to estimate the effect on the properties, due to significant uncertainty in the property and capital markets and the rapid unfolding of these events, it is difficult to quantify and assess the impact that the outbreak had on market values. Councils Investment properties of \$5,500,000 are valued under the market approach.
- Assets valued under the income approach are those predominantly to generate cash flows from the provision of goods and services. The recessionary environment created by COVID-19 may have significant impacts on demand for goods and services. Valuation inputs that may be subject to significant changes and uncertainty include projected cash flows, risk free interest rates and risk margins.

	Fair value measurement hierarchy							
			Significant ble inputs	Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs		Total		
\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Recurring fair value mea	asurements							
Financial assets								
Financial investments	C1-2							
At fair value through profit								
or loss		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment property	C1-8							
Investment property		-	_	5,500	4,400	5,500	4,400	
Total investment								
property		-		5,500	4,400	5,500	4,400	
Infrastructure,	C1-7							
property, plant and equipment								
Plant and equipment		_	_	10,488	10,886	10,488	10,886	
Office equipment		_	_	1,187	1,549	1,187	1,549	
Furniture and fittings		_	_	494	536	494	536	
Operational land		_	_	39,163	24,475	39,163	24,475	
Community land		_	_	34,034	24,917	34,034	24,917	
Land under roads (post					*	*		
30/6/08)		-	-	105	104	105	104	
continued on next page						F	Page 66 of 93	

## E2-1 Fair value measurement (continued)

		Fair value measurement hierarchy								
		Level 2 Significant observable inputs		Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs		Total				
\$ '000	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Land improvements –										
depreciable		-	_	1,764	1,544	1,764	1,544			
Buildings – non-specialized		-	_	88,023	69,549	88,023	69,549			
Other structures		-	_	12,554	5,426	12,554	5,426			
Roads		-	_	532,724	505,810	532,724	505,810			
Bridges		-	_	127,111	118,912	127,111	118,912			
Footpaths		-	_	44,105	41,627	44,105	41,627			
Stormwater drainage		-	_	126,237	117,054	126,237	117,054			
Water supply network		-	_	241,849	228,031	241,849	228,031			
Sewerage network		-	_	167,528	158,052	167,528	158,052			
Recreation and Open										
Space		-	-	19,182	20,303	19,182	20,303			
Swimming Pools		-	_	13,531	863	13,531	863			
Library books		-	_	157	345	157	345			
Other		-	_	1,583	586	1,583	586			
Tip assets		-	_	7,826	8,444	7,826	8,444			
Quarry assets		-	_	115	128	115	128			
Total infrastructure,										
property, plant and										
equipment		-	_	1,469,760	1,339,141	1,469,760	1,339,141			

### Valuation techniques

Where Council is unable to derive fair valuations using quoted market prices of identical assets (ie. level 1 inputs) Council instead utilises a spread of both observable inputs (level 2 inputs) and unobservable inputs (level 3 inputs).

The fair valuation techniques Council has employed while utilising level 2 and level 3 inputs are as follows:

#### Investment property

Council obtains independent valuations of its investment property on an annual basis and at the end of each reporting period to ensure the financial statements reflect the most up-to-date valuation. The best evidence of fair value is the current price in an active market for similar assets. The investment property valuation is included in level 3 of the hierarchy. The fair value of the investment property is determined by an independent, qualified valuer on an annual basis who has experience in the location of the property. Council reviews the valuation report and discusses significant movements with the valuer. As at 30 June 2023 the valuation of the investment property was performed by Marsh Valuation Services Pty Ltd, Suzanna Ham AAPI, Certified Practicing Valuer. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (IPPE)

### Property, Plant & Equipment and Furniture & Fittings

Plant & Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings are valued at cost but are disclosed at fair value in the notes. The carrying amount of these assets is assumed to approximate fair value due to the nature of the items. Examples of assets within these classes are as follows:

• Plant and Equipment: Trucks, tractors, ride-on mowers, street sweepers, earthmoving equipment and motor vehicles.

- Office Equipment: Refrigerators, electronic whiteboards, flat-screen monitors and computer equipment.
- Furniture & Fittings: Chairs, desks and display systems.

The key unobservable inputs to the valuation are the remaining useful life and residual value. Council reviews the value of these assets against quoted prices for the gross current replacement cost of similar assets and by taking account of the pattern of consumption, estimated remaining useful life and the residual value. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

### **Operational Land**

This asset class comprises all of Council's land classified as Operational Land under the NSW LocalGovernment Act 1993. The key unobservable input to the valuation is the price per square metre. The most recent valuation was undertaken at 30 June 2023 and was performed by Marsh Valuation Services Pty Ltd, Suzanna Ham AAPI, Certified Practicing Valuer.

Generally, fair value is the most advantageous price reasonably obtainable by the seller and the most advantageous price reasonably obtained by the buyer. This is not necessarily the market selling price of the asset, rather, it is regarded as the

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## E2-1 Fair value measurement (continued)

maximum value that Council would rationally pay to acquire the asset if it did not hold it, taking into account quoted market price in an active and liquid market, the current market price of the same or similar asset, the cost of replacing the asset, if management intend to replace the asset, the remaining useful life and condition of the asset; and cash flows from the future use and disposal. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

### **Community Land**

Valuations of all Council's Community Land and Council managed land are based on either the land values provided by the Valuer-General or an average unit rate based on the land values for similar properties where the Valuer-General did not provide a land value having regard to the highest and best use for this land. As these rates were not considered to be observable market evidence they have been classified as Level 3. While Community Land has been re-valued as at 30 June 2023 in line with the Valuer General, there has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

### Land under Roads

Council has elected to recognise Land under Roads where the road was acquired on or after 30/06/2008. 'Land under roads' have been valued using the square metres rates applicable for nearby or adjacent Community Land having regard to the highest and best use for this land. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Land Improvements - Depreciable

This asset class comprises land improvements such as spectator mounds, swales, berms, gardens, mulched areas, streetscaping and landscaping. These assets may be located on parks, reserves and also within road reserves. 'Land Improvements' were valued in-house using the cost approach by experienced Council engineers and asset management staff.

The cost approach has been utilised whereby the replacement cost was estimated for each asset by taking into account a range of factors. Inputs such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were all classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Buildings – Non Specialised

Buildings – Non Specialised were valued by Marsh Valuation Services Pty Ltd, Suzanna Ham AAPI, Certified Practicing Valuer, at 30 June 2023 using a combination of sales comparison approach, income capitalisation approach and cost approach. While all buildings were physically inspected inputs such as estimates of residual value and pattern of consumption required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### **Other Structures**

This asset class comprises Boardwalks, Viewing platforms, Floodlighting Systems, Irrigation System, Pedestrian Bridges, Retaining Walls, Monuments, Statues, Fences, Wash bays, Cemetery walls and beams. The cost approach has been utilised. Inputs such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were all classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Roads

This asset class comprises the Road Carriageway, Kerb and Gutter, Signs, and Traffic facilities. The road carriageway is defined as the trafficable portion of a road, between but not including the kerb and gutter. Cost Approach using Level 3 inputs was used to value the road carriageway and other road infrastructure asstes. Valuations for the road infrastructure assets were carried out by APV Valuers and Asset Management as at 30 June 2020.

The cost approach was utilised with inputs such as estimates pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life requiring extensive professional judgement which impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. Additionally due to limitations in the historical records of very long lived assets there is some uncertainty regarding the actual design, specifications and dimensions of some assets. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

### Bridges

Bridges were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management as at 30 June 2020, using the cost approach. The approach estimated the replacement cost for each bridge by componentising the bridges into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. The components included the Bridge Deck/Superstructure, Bridge Abutments/Foundations and Bridge rails/handrails. Inputs such as estimates of residual value and pattern of consumption

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## E2-1 Fair value measurement (continued)

required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

### Footpaths

Footpaths were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management as at 30 June 2020, using the cost approach. Footpaths were segmented to match the adjacent road segment and no further componentisation was undertaken. Footpaths were originally mapped and condition assessed using a combination of video condition assessment and physical inspection. Condition information is updated as changes in the network are observed through regular inspections. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

### Stormwater Drainage

Stormwater drainage assets were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management as at 30 June 2020, using the cost approach. Assets within this class comprise pits, pipes, open channels, headwalls and various types of water quality devices. The 'Cost Approach' estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the assets into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. The Level of componentisation adopted by Council is in accordance with DLG Circular 09-09. Inputs such as estimates of the pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. Additionally due to limitations in the historical records of very long lived assets there is uncertainty regarding the actual design, specifications and dimensions of some assets. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

### Water Supply Network

Water Supply and Sewerage infrastructure assets were re-valued at fair value as at 30 June 2022. These assets are indexed each year in line with the Reference Rates Manual as published by the NSW Office of Water. All new assets and asset acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation will be recorded at their initial cost of acquisition. This asset class is categorised as Level 3 as there are inputs used in the valuation of these assets (such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life), that require significant professional judgement and are therefore unobservable. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### **Recreation and Open Space**

This asset class comprises of Playground equipment, BBQ's, Shade shelters and Outdoor fitness facilities. These assets may be located on parks, reserves and also within road reserves. 'Recreation and Open Space' assets were valued in-house using the cost approach by experienced Council engineers and asset management staff. These assets have been transferred from other 'Depreciable Land' and 'Other Structures' at 30 June 2016. Cost approach has been utilised. Inputs such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were all classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### **Swimming Pool**

This asset class comprises of Swimming pools only, it does not include related plant and equipment, buildings other structures and car parks. 'Swimming Pool' assets were valued in-house using the cost approach by experienced Council engineers and asset management staff. These assets have been transferred from 'Other Structures' at 30 June 2016. Cost approach has been utilised. Inputs such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were all classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Library Books

Library Books are valued at cost but are disclosed at fair value in the notes. The carrying amount of these assets is assumed to approximate fair value due to the nature of the items. Council reviews the value of these assets against quoted prices for the gross current replacement cost of similar assets and by taking account of the pattern of consumption, estimated remaining useful life and the residual value. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### **Other Assets**

Assets within this class comprise of all assets not classified elsewhere such as artwork. The carrying amount of these assets is assumed to approximate fair value due to the nature of the items. All new assets and asset acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation will be recorded at their initial cost of acquisition. No market based evidence (Level 2) inputs are available therefore Level 3 valuation inputs were used for this asset class. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

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## E2-1 Fair value measurement (continued)

#### Reinstatement, Rehabilitation & Restoration Assets - Tips & Quarries

Council owns and manages tips and quarries in its local government area, and it has been recognised that there will be significant costs associated with the closure and post closure management of the landfill site. Closure of the landfill will involve a wide range of activities including preparation of a Landfill Closure and Management Plan, final capping of the landfill waste and site re-vegetation, installation of a final landfill gas management system, revision of the surface water management system and leachate management infrastructure to suit post-closure operation, decommissioning and removing infrastructure and equipment that will not be required post-closure, and fencing sensitive infrastructure. The key unobservable inputs are the discount rate, cost escalation rate, actual timing of costs and future environmental management requirements. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

#### Significant unobservable valuation inputs used (for level 3 asset classes) and their relationship to fair value.

The following table summarises the quantitative information relating to the significant unobservable inputs used in deriving the various level 3 asset class fair values.

	Valuation technique/s	Unobservable inputs
Financial assets		
At Fair Value through Profit or Loss Investment properties	Level 3	Unit price
Investment Property	Level 3	Rental yield and price per hectare
Infrastructure, property, plant an	d equipment	
Operational Land	Level 3	<ul><li>Gross replacement cost</li><li>Residual value</li></ul>
Community Land	Level 3	<ul><li>Gross replacement cost</li><li>Residual value</li></ul>
Land under Roads (post 30/6/08)	Level 3	<ul> <li>Unimproved capital value (price per square metre)</li> </ul>
Land Improvements - depreciable	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Buildings - Non Specialised	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Other Structures	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Roads	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Bridges	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Footpaths	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Stormwater Drainage	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Water Supply Network	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
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E2-1 Fair value	e measurement (	(continued)
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	Valuation technique/s	Unobservable inputs
Sewerage Network	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Recreation and Open Space	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Swimming Pools	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Library Books	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Other	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Tip Assets	Level 3	Discount Rate     CPI
Quarry Assets	Level 3	Discount Rate     CPI
Plant and Equipment	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Office Equipment	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>
Furniture and Fittings	Level 3	<ul> <li>Gross replacement cost</li> <li>Asset condition</li> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Residual value</li> </ul>

A reconciliation of the movements in recurring fair value measurements allocated to Level 3 of the hierarchy is provided below:

	Plant and equipment		Office equi	Office equipment		d fittings	Operational land	
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Opening balance	10,886	10,441	1,549	1,799	536	283	24,474	21,305
Fotal gains or losses for the period								
Other movements								
Purchases (GBV)	2,296	2,172	-	_	-	_	-	_
Disposals (WDV)	(360)	(192)	-	_	-	_	-	_
Depreciation and impairment	(2,334)	(1,627)	(785)	(691)	(79)	(73)	-	_
Revaluation increments to			. ,	. ,		. ,		
Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,689	3,169
Other movement (Tfr from								
WIP)	-	194	423	441	37	96	-	-
Other movement	-	(102)	-	_		230	_	-
Closing balance	10,488	10,886	1,187	1,549	494	536	39,163	24,474
							Buildi	ng
	Communi	ty Land	Land under	Roads	Land impro	vement	non-spec	ialised
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Opening balance	24,917	22,643	104	104	1,544	1,547	69,549	43,702
continued on next page							Pa	age 71 of 9

## E2-1 Fair value measurement (continued)

	Community Land		Land under Roads		Land improvement		Building non-specialised	
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Total gains or losses for the period								
Other movements								
Purchases (GBV)	-	8	_	_	-	_	-	982
Disposals (WDV)	(81)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Depreciation and impairment	_	_	_	_	(63)	(57)	(2,489)	(1,742)
Revaluation increments to					· · /	( )	( )	( , ,
Equity	8,424	2,266	-	_	98	54	3,428	4,712
Other movement (Tfr from								
WIP)	81	_	_	_	185	_	17,535	22,034
Other movement	693	_	1	-	-	-	-	(139)
Closing balance	34,034	24,917	105	104	1,764	1,544	88,023	69,549

	Other structures		Roa	Roads		Bridges		Footpaths	
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Opening balance	5,426	4,970	505,810	458,862	118,912	108,243	41,627	37,942	
Total gains or losses for the period									
Other movements									
Purchases (GBV)	-	_	-	657	-	_	-	138	
Disposals (WDV)	-	_	(5,960)	_	(2,701)	-	(172)	-	
Depreciation and impairment	(288)	(214)	(10,172)	(8,291)	(1,218)	(1,222)	(1,164)	(591)	
Revaluation increments to									
Equity	879	552	29,481	48,765	6,807	11,575	2,441	4,052	
Other movement (Tfr from									
WIP)	6,537	118	9,490	5,817	5,311	316	1,308	86	
Other movement	-	_	4,075	-	-	-	65	-	
Closing balance	12,554	5,426	532,724	505,810	127,111	118,912	44,105	41,627	

	Stormwate	r drainage	Water supp	ly network	Sewerage	network	Recreation and open space	
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Opening balance	117,054	105,953	228,031	194,040	158,052	109,990	20,303	10,435
Total gains or losses for the period								
Other movements								
Purchases (GBV)	-	690	-	445	-	869	-	-
Disposals (WDV)	-	_	-	_	-	_	(130)	-
Depreciation and impairment	(1,799)	(1,921)	(3,596)	(2,920)	(2,734)	(2,401)	(1,310)	(529)
Revaluation increments to								
Equity	8,920	12,200	17,302	36,419	11,974	49,624	1,382	1,711
Other movement (Tfr from								
WIP)	1,211	132	-	2	-	15	360	8,677
Other movement	851	_	112	45	236	(45)	(1,423)	9
Closing balance	126,237	117,054	241,849	228,031	167,528	158,052	19,182	20,303

	Swimming pools		Library books		Other assets		Tip assets	
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Opening balance	863	753	345	386	586	725	8,445	9,031
Total gains or losses for the period								
Other movements								
Depreciation and impairment	(78)	(61)	(187)	(156)	(188)	(155)	(619)	(586)
Revaluation increments to	· · /	( )	. ,	( )	. ,	( )	( )	( )
Equity	62	119	-	_	-	_	-	-
Other movement (Tfr from								
WIP)	12,684	52	-	115	41	14	-	_

5,754

1,475,260

\_

1,343,541

## E2-1 Fair value measurement (continued)

	Swimming pools		Library b	Library books		Other assets		Tip assets	
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Other movement	_	_	(1)	_	1,144	2	-	-	
Closing balance	13,531	863	157	345	1,583	586	7,826	8,445	
	Quarry assets		Investment properties		NCA Held for sale		Total		
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Opening balance	128	142	4,400	4,300	_	450	1,343,541	1,148,046	
Recognised in profit or loss – realised (refer to Note									
B4-1)	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	100	
Purchases (GBV)	-	-	-	_	-	-	2,296	5,961	
Disposals (WDV)	-	_	-	_	-	(450)	(9,404)	(642)	
Depreciation and impairment	(14)	(14)	-	_	-	_	(29,117)	(23,251)	
Revaluation increments to Equity	_	_	1,100	_	_	_	106,987	175,218	
Other movement (Tfr from WIP)	_	_	_	_	_	_	55,203	38,109	

5,500

4,400

## Highest and best use

Other movement

**Closing balance** 

All of Council's non-financial assets are considered as being utilised for their highest and best use.

128

1

115

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### E3-1 Contingencies

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Statement of Financial Position, but their knowledge and disclosure is considered relevant to the users of Council's financial report.

#### LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED

#### 1. Guarantees

#### (i) Defined benefit superannuation contribution plans

Council is party to an Industry Defined Benefit Plan under the Local Government Superannuation Scheme, named The Local Government Superannuation Scheme – Pool B (the Scheme) which is a defined benefit plan that has been deemed to be a 'multi-employer fund' for purposes of AASB119 Employee Benefits for the following reasons:

- Assets are not segregated within the sub-group according to the employees of each sponsoring employer.

- The contribution rates have been the same for all sponsoring employers. That is, contribution rates have not varied for each sponsoring employer according to the experience relating to the employees of that sponsoring employer.

- Benefits for employees of all sponsoring employers are determined according to the same formulae and without regard to the sponsoring employer.

- The same actuarial assumptions are currently used in respect of the employees of each sponsoring employer.

Given the factors above, each sponsoring employer is exposed to the actuarial risks associated with current and former employees of other sponsoring employers, and hence shares in the associated gains and losses (to the extent that they are not borne by members).

Description of the funding arrangements.

Pooled employers are required to pay standard employer contributions and additional lump sum contributions to the fund.

The standard employer contributions were determined using the new entrant rate method under which a contribution rate sufficient to fund the total benefits over the working life-time of a typical new entrant is calculated. The current standard employer contribution rates are:

Division B	1.9 times employee contributions
Division C	2.5% salaries
Division D	1.64 times employee contributions

\*For 180 Point members, employers are required to contribute 8.0% of salaries for the year ending 2023 (increasing to 8.5% in line with the increase in the Superannuation Guarantee) to these members accumilation accounts, which are paid in addition to members defined benefits.

The past service contribution for each pooled employer is a share of the total past service contributions \$20 million per annum from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024, apportioned according to each employer's share of the accrued liabilities as at 30 June 2022. These past service contributions are used to maintain the adequacy of funding position for the accrued liabilities.

The adequacy of contributions is assessed at each triennial actuarial investigation and monitored annually between triennials.

Description of the extent to which Council can be liable to the plan for other Council's obligations under the terms and conditions of the multi-employer plan

As stated above, each sponsoring employer (Council) is exposed to the actuarial risks associated with current and former employees of other sponsoring employers and hence shares in the associated gains and losses.

However, there is no relief under the Fund's trust deed for employers to walk away from their defined benefit obligations. Under limited circumstances, an employer may withdraw from the plan when there are no active members, on full payment of outstanding additional contributions. There is no provision for allocation of any surplus which may be present at the date of withdrawal of the Council.

There are no specific provisions under the Fund's trust deed dealing with deficits or surplus on wind-up.

The amount of Council employer contributions to the defined benefit section of the Local Government Superannuation Scheme and recognised as an expense for the year ending 30 June 2023 was \$184,708.20. The last valuation of the Scheme was performed by Mr Richard Boyfield, FIAA as at 30 June 2022.

Council's expected contribution to the plan for the next annual reporting period is \$175,444.44

continued on next page ...

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## E3-1 Contingencies (continued)

The estimated employer reserves financial position for the Pooled Employers at 30 June 2023 is:

Employer reserves only *	\$millions	Asset Coverage
Assets	2,290.9	
Past Service Liabilities	2,236.1	102.4%
Vested Benefits	2,253.6	101.7%

\* excluding member accounts and reserves in both assets and liabilities.

Council's share of that deficiency cannot be accurately calculated as the Scheme is a mutual arrangement where assets and liabilities are pooled together for all member councils. For this reason, no liability for the deficiency has been recognised in Council's accounts. Council has a possible obligation that may arise should the Scheme require immediate payment to correct the deficiency.

The key economic long term assumptions used to calculate the present value of accrued benefits are:

Investment return	6.0% per annum		
Salary inflation *	3.5% per annum		
Increase in CPI	6.0% for FY22/23		
	2.5% per annum thereafter		

\* Plus promotional increases

The contribution requirements may vary from the current rates if the overall sub-group experience is not in line with the actuarial assumptions in determining the funding program; however, any adjustment to the funding program would be the same for all sponsoring employers in the pooled employers group. Please note that the estimated employer reserves financial position above is a preliminary calculation, and once all the relevant information has been received by the Fund Actuary, the final end of year review, which will be a triennial actuarial investgation will be completed by December 2023.

#### (ii) Statewide Limited

Council is a member of Statewide Mutual, a mutual pool scheme providing liability insurance to local government.

Membership includes the potential to share in either the net assets or liabilities of the fund depending on its past performance. Council's share of the net assets or liabilities reflects Council's contributions to the pool and the result of insurance claims within each of the fund years.

The future realisation and finalisation of claims incurred but not reported to 30 June this year may result in future liabilities or benefits as a result of past events that Council will be required to fund or share in respectively.

#### (iii) StateCover Limited

Council is a member of StateCover Mutual Limited and holds a partly paid share in the entity.

StateCover is a company providing workers compensation insurance cover to the NSW local government industry and specifically Council.

Council has a contingent liability to contribute further equity in the event of the erosion of the company's capital base as a result of the company's past performance and/or claims experience or as a result of any increased prudential requirements from APRA.

These future equity contributions would be required to maintain the company's minimum level of net assets in accordance with its licence requirements.

#### (iv) Other guarantees

Council has a Bank Guarantee liability of \$35,400. This is to ensure the performance obligations under Crown Land Aquisition for easements at Goulburn for Essential Energy projects.

2. Other liabilities

continued on next page ...

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## E3-1 Contingencies (continued)

#### (i) Third party claims

The Council is involved from time to time in various claims incidental to the ordinary course of business including claims for damages relating to its services.

Council believes that it is appropriately covered for all claims through its insurance coverage and does not expect any material liabilities to eventuate.

#### (ii) Potential land acquisitions due to planning restrictions imposed by Council

Council has classified a number of privately owned land parcels as local open space or bushland.

As a result, where notified in writing by the various owners, Council will be required to purchase these land parcels.

At reporting date, reliable estimates as to the value of any potential liability (and subsequent land asset) from such potential acquisitions has not been possible.

#### (iii) Upper Lachlan Council asset transfers

In accordance with the proclamation by the Minister for Local Government on 7th September 2006, in the event of the sale of the former Mulwaree Shire Council administration building in Clinton Street, Goulburn, 'Upper Lachlan Council is to be reimbursed 24.22% of the net profit.'

#### (iv) Legal liabilities

Council is currently party to a legal proceeding in the Land & Environment Court (Goulburn Mulwaree Council & Banton Family Trust ats Filetron Pty Limited) which may give rise to a contingent liability. Estimates provided state that this contingent liability may amount to approximately \$100,000.

#### ASSETS NOT RECOGNISED

#### (i) Land under roads

As permitted under AASB 1051, Council has elected not to bring to account land under roads that it owned or controlled up to and including 30/6/08.

#### (ii) Infringement notices/fines

Fines and penalty income, the result of Council issuing infringement notices is followed up and collected by the Infringement Processing Bureau.

Council's revenue recognition policy for such income is to account for it as revenue on receipt.

Accordingly, at year end, there is a potential asset due to Council representing issued but unpaid infringement notices.

Due to the limited information available on the status, value and duration of outstanding notices, Council is unable to determine the value of outstanding income.

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## F People and relationships

F1 Related party disclosures

## F1-1 Key management personnel (KMP)

Key management personnel (KMP) of the council are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the council, directly or indirectly.

The aggregate amount of KMP compensation included in the Income Statement is:

\$ '000	2023	2022
Compensation:		
Short-term benefits	1,147	1,177
Post-employment benefits	70	107
Total	1,217	1,284

## (-1b) Other transactions with KMP and their related parties

Council has determined that transactions at arm's length between KMP and Council as part of KMP using Council services (e.g. access to library or Council swimming pool) will not be disclosed.

Nature of the transaction		Transactions	Outstanding balances including	Terms and conditions	Impairment provision on outstanding	Impairment
\$ '000	Ref	during the year	commitments	Terms and conditions	balances	expense
2023						
Supply of Recycling Contract	1	650	-	30 days	-	-
Supply of plant and road construction	2	4,530	150	30 days	-	-
Council employee wages	3	376	-	Award wages	_	-
Donation	4	6	-	Donation policy	-	
Donation – Fee waiver	5	7	-	Donation policy	-	
Development application fee	6	5	-	30 days	-	
Tipping Fees	7	144	15	30 days	-	
2022						
Supply of Recycling Contract	1	673	149	30 days	-	-
Supply of plant and road construction	2	6,560	11	30 days	_	
Council employee wages	3	717	-	Award wages	-	
Donation	4	22	_	Donation policy	_	

## F1-1 Key management personnel (KMP) (continued)

Nature of the transaction \$ '000	Ref	Transactions during the year	Outstanding balances including commitments		Impairment provision on outstanding balances	Impairment expense
÷ 000	noi	during the year	communents		balances	expense
Donation – Fee waiver	5	7	-	Donation policy	-	_
Development application fee	6	-	-	30 days	_	_
Tipping Fees	7	10	-	30 days	-	-

1 Council has appointed its recycling contract to a company of which a Councillor is a board member, the Councillor has declared his involvement and is excluded from all meetings.

2 Council engages three local companies for various plant hire and road making activities. The company directors are a related party to a Councillor, the Councillor has declared an interest and follows the code of conduct. All contracts are awarded through the tender process.

- 3 Two members of Council staff are related parties to KMP and Councillors. The interest is declared.
- 4 Council provided a donation/sponsorship to several community groups where Councillors are related parties. Interest had been declared and payments made through the executive donations procedure.
- 5 Council provided a donation to a charity group equal to the value of the Council facility hire fee of which a Councillor is a related party. Interest was declared and payment was made through the executive donations procedure.
- 6 Council has received a development application from a Councillor. Interest has been declared.
- 7 Council provides a debtor account for the purposes of tipping fees at the Goulburn Waste Management Centre to related parties of Councillors. Interest has been declared and all fees are charged as per the adopted fees and charges. Payment terms are 30 days.

## F1-2 Councillor and Mayoral fees and associated expenses

\$ '000	2023	2022
The aggregate amount of Councillor and Mayoral fees and associated expenses included in materials and services expenses in the Income Statement are:		
Mayoral fee	46	40
Councillors' fees	190	177
Other Councillors' expenses (including Mayor)	39	2
Total	275	219

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## F2 Other relationships

## F2-1 Audit fees

\$ '000	2023	2022
During the year, the following fees were incurred for services provided by the auditor of Council, related practices and non-related audit firms		
Auditors of the Council - NSW Auditor-General:		
(i) Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial statements	183	71
Remuneration for audit and other assurance services	183	71
Total Auditor-General remuneration	183	71
Non NSW Auditor-General audit firms		
Total audit fees	183	71

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## G Other matters

## G1-1 Statement of Cash Flows information

## (a) Reconciliation of net operating result to cash provided from operating activities

\$ '000	2023	2022
Net operating result from Income Statement	15,035	41,149
Add / (less) non-cash items:	,	,
Depreciation and amortisation	28,700	23,373
(Gain) / loss on disposal of assets	5,650	(4,243)
Non-cash capital grants and contributions	(2,056)	(2,821)
Losses/(gains) recognised on fair value re-measurements through the P&L:		,
<ul> <li>Investment property</li> </ul>	(1,100)	(100)
<ul> <li>Revaluation decrements / impairments of IPP&amp;E direct to P&amp;L</li> </ul>	269	14
Unwinding of discount rates on reinstatement provisions	240	211
Movements in operating assets and liabilities and other cash items:		
(Increase) / decrease of receivables	1,014	829
Increase / (decrease) in provision for impairment of receivables	(52)	52
(Increase) / decrease of inventories	37	(202)
(Increase) / decrease of other current assets	(39)	922
(Increase) / decrease of contract asset	(428)	2,485
Increase / (decrease) in payables	(267)	820
Increase / (decrease) in accrued interest payable	(14)	64
Increase / (decrease) in other accrued expenses payable	179	(629)
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities	2,478	917
Increase / (decrease) in contract liabilities	12,862	3,449
Increase / (decrease) in employee benefit provision	(525)	(331)
Net cash flows from operating activities	61,983	65,959

## (b) Non-cash investing and financing activities

Developer contributions 'in kind'	1,642	2,821
Other dedications	414	
Total non-cash investing and financing activities	2,056	2,821

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## G2-1 Commitments

Capital commitments	(exclusive of GST)
---------------------	--------------------

\$ '000	2023	2022
Capital expenditure committed for at the reporting date but not		
recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings	623	154
Other structures	4,286	1,635
Plant and equipment	1,375	_
Roads infrastructure	6,583	7,363
Waste water infrastructure	1,211	10,333
Water infrastructure	_	4,540
Total commitments	14,078	24,025
These expenditures are payable as follows:		
Within the next year	14,078	24,025
Total payable	14,078	24,025
Sources for funding of capital commitments:		
Unrestricted general funds	3,191	(53)
Future grants and contributions	6,226	_
Section 7.11 and 64 funds/reserves	1,298	-
Unexpended grants	883	1,184
Externally restricted reserves	-	19,570
Internally restricted reserves	1,240	3,324
Unexpended loans	1,240	-
Total sources of funding	14,078	24,025

**Details of capital commitments** Council has a number of capital projects that have been commenced but not completed. The funding for these projects has been allocated and the majority will be completed within the 2022/2023 financial year.

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## G3 Statement of developer contributions as at 30 June 2023

## G3-1 Summary of developer contributions

	Opening	Contributi	ons received during the year		Interest and			Held as	Cumulative balance of internal
\$ '000	balance at 1 July 2022	Cash	Non-cash Land	Non-cash Other	investment income earned	Amounts expended	Internal borrowings	restricted asset at 30 June 2023	borrowings (to)/from
Drainage	1,288	457	_	-	65	(308)	-	1,502	-
Roads	443	588	-	-	26	(19)	-	1,038	-
Traffic facilities	(304)	358	-	-	32	_	-	86	-
Open space	351	254	-	-	15	(25)	-	595	-
Community facilities	449	466	-	-	21	(15)	-	921	-
Other	35	17	-	-	2	(1)	-	53	-
Urban and civic improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rural addressing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rural waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S7.11 contributions – under a plan	2,262	2,140	-	-	161	(368)	-	4,195	-
S7.12 levies – under a plan	830	299	-	-	33	-	-	1,162	-
Total S7.11 and S7.12 revenue under plans	3,092	2,439	-	-	194	(368)	-	5,357	-
S7.11 not under plans	3,325	960	-	-	123	(5,526)	-	(1,118)	-
S64 contributions	18,426	1,486	-	-	583	(1,103)	-	19,392	-
Total contributions	24,843	4,885	-	-	900	(6,997)		23,631	

Under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, Council has significant obligations to provide Section 7.11 (contributions towards provision or improvement of amenities or services) infrastructure in new release areas. It is possible that the funds contributed may be less than the cost of this infrastructure, requiring Council to borrow or use general revenue to fund the difference.

## G3-2 Developer contributions by plan

\$ '000	Opening balance at 1 July 2022	Contributio Cash	ns received during the year Non-cash Land	Non-cash Other	Interest and investment income earned	Amounts expended	Internal borrowings	Held as restricted asset at 30 June 2023	Cumulative balance of internal borrowings (to)/from
<b>CONTRIBUTION PLAN - New</b>	Mulwaree Plan								
Drainage	138	28	-	-	5	-	-	171	-
Roads	2	21	-	-	-	(19)	-	4	-
Other	16	4	-	-	1	-	-	21	-
Total	156	53	-	-	6	(19)	-	196	_
<b>CONTRIBUTION PLAN - New</b>	Goulburn Citywide Plan								
Drainage	1,028	323	-	-	38	(308)	-	1,081	-
Traffic facilities	8	10	-	-	-	_	-	18	-

	Opening	Contributio	ons received during the year		Interest and			Held as	Cumulative balance of internal
\$ '000	balance at 1 July 2022	Cash	Non-cash Land	Non-cash Other	investment income earned	Amounts expended	Internal borrowings	restricted asset at 30 June 2023	borrowings (to)/from
Open space	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Community facilities	28	2	-	-	1	(15)	-	16	-
Total	1,065	336	-	-	39	(323)	_	1,117	-
CONTRIBUTION PLAN - Marys Mount									
Drainage	476	106	-	-	16	-	-	598	-
Traffic facilities	(159)	129	-	-	-	-	-	(30)	-
Open space	163	31	-	-	5	(25)	_	174	-
Total	480	266	-	-	21	(25)	-	742	
CONTRIBUTION PLAN - Ducks La	ne								
Drainage	118	_	-	-	4	-	-	122	-
Traffic facilities	(1,119)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,119)	-
Total	(1,001)	-	-	-	4	-	-	(997)	_
CONTRIBUTION PLAN - Clyde Str	eet								
Drainage	(540)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(540)	-
Traffic facilities	890	219	-	-	30	-	-	1,139	-
Open space	6	_	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Total	356	219	-	-	30	-	_	605	_
CONTRIBUTION PLAN - Common	Street								
Drainage	68	_	_	-	2	-	_	70	-
Traffic facilities	76	-	_	-	2	-	-	78	-
Open space	10	-	_	-	-	-	-	10	-
Total	154	_	-	_	4	-	-	158	_
CONTRIBUTION PLAN LICP									
Roads	441	567	_	_	26	_	_	1,034	-
Open space	171	222	_	-	10	_	_	403	_
Community facilities	421	464	_	-	20	_	_	905	_
Other	19	13	_	-	1	(1)	_	32	_
Total	1,052	1,266			57	(1)		2,374	

## G3-2 Developer contributions by plan (continued)

## S7.12 Levies – under a plan

<b>CONTRIBUTION PLAN - S94A Levies</b>									
Drainage	274	1	-	-	8	-	-	283	-
Roads	556	298	-	-	25	-	-	879	-

19,391

-



-

583

(1,103)

## G3-2 Developer contributions by plan (continued)

18,425

1,486

-

Total

-

## G4 Statement of performance measures

## G4-1 Statement of performance measures - consolidated results

	• •				
A 1000	Amounts	Indicator		ators	Benchmark
\$ '000	2023	2023	2022	2021	
1. Operating performance ratio					
Total continuing operating revenue excluding					
capital grants and contributions less operating					
expenses <sup>1,2</sup>	(224)	(0.26)%	6.16%	5.80%	> 0.00%
Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions <sup>1</sup>	86,626				
2. Own source operating revenue ratio					
Total continuing operating revenue excluding all					
grants and contributions 1	66,014	61.87%	52.58%	55.30%	> 60.00%
Total continuing operating revenue <sup>1</sup>	106,704				
3. Unrestricted current ratio					
Current assets less all external restrictions	32,756	2.95x	0.00	0.70	1 50
Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities	11,098	2.95X	2.69x	2.79x	> 1.50x
4. Debt service cover ratio					
Operating result before capital excluding interest					
and depreciation/impairment/amortisation 1	30,403	6.70x	7.06x	8.71x	> 2.00x
Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income Statement)	4,538	on ox			2100/
plus borrowing costs (income statement)					
5. Rates and annual charges outstanding					
percentage	4 000				
Rates and annual charges outstanding Rates and annual charges collectable	1,362	3.19%	3.16%	3.74%	< 10.00%
Rates and annual charges collectable	42,698				
6. Cash expense cover ratio					
Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all					
term deposits	130,128	26.47	22.27	24.06	> 3.00
Monthly payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	4,915	months	months	months	months

(1) Excludes fair value increments on investment properties, reversal of revaluation decrements, reversal of impairment losses on receivables, net gain on sale of assets and net share of interests in joint ventures and associates using the equity method and includes pensioner rate subsidies

(2) Excludes impairment/revaluation decrements of IPPE, fair value decrements on investment properties, net loss on disposal of assets and net loss on share of interests in joint ventures and associates using the equity method

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## G4-2 Statement of performance measures by fund

	General Ir	General Indicators <sup>3</sup>		dicators	Sewer In	dicators	Benchmark
\$ '000	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
1. Operating performance ratio							
Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses <sup>1,2</sup>	(8.57)%	(4.81)%	(5.55)%	8.50%	39.15%	45.75%	> 0.00%
Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions <sup>1</sup>	_ ( )		(				
2. Own source operating revenue ratio							
Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions <sup>1</sup>	- 53.02%	43.71%	91.44%	86.42%	80.91%	73.04%	> 60.00%
Total continuing operating revenue 1							
3. Unrestricted current ratio							
Current assets less all external restrictions	- 2.95x	2.69x	17.45x	17.34x	4.56x	68.27x	> 1.50x
Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities							
4. Debt service cover ratio Operating result before capital excluding interest and							
depreciation/impairment/amortisation <sup>1</sup>	0.54	0.00	0.70	0.40	04.00	40.70	
Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income	- 6.54x	6.63x	2.79x	3.42x	21.88x	19.79x	> 2.00x
Statement)							
5. Rates and annual charges outstanding percentage							
Rates and annual charges outstanding	- 3.11%	2.83%	3.63%	4.14%	3.29%	3.81%	< 10.00%
Rates and annual charges collectable			0.0070		0.2070		
6. Cash expense cover ratio							
Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all term deposits	10.74	10.55	46.89	50.45	111.15	79.86	> 3.00
Monthly payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	months	months	months	months	months	months	months

(1) - (2) Refer to Notes at Note G4-1 above.

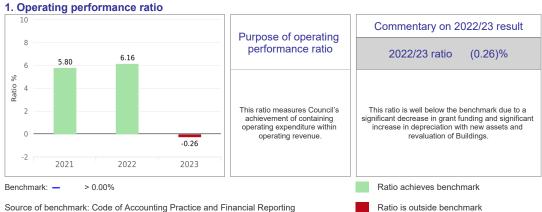
(3) General fund refers to all of Council's activities except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

End of the audited financial statements

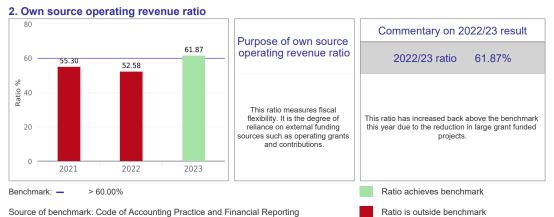
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#### н Additional Council disclosures (unaudited)

#### H1-1 Statement of performance measures - consolidated results (graphs)

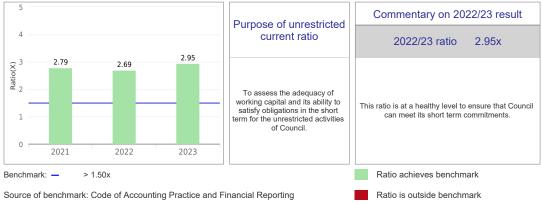


Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting



Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

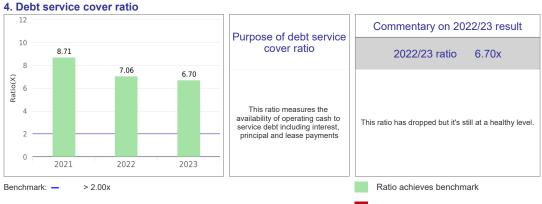
3. Unrestricted current ratio



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#### H1-1 Statement of performance measures – consolidated results (graphs) (continued)

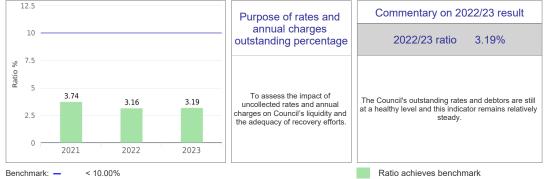


Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting



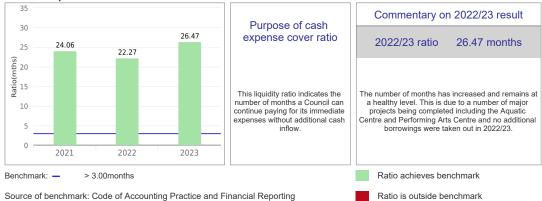
Ratio is outside benchmark

## 5. Rates and annual charges outstanding percentage



Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting





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## H1-2 Council information and contact details

Principal place of business:

184-194 Bourke Street Goulburn NSW 2580

## **Contact details**

Mailing Address: Locked Bag 22 Goulburn NSW 2580

Telephone: 02 4823 4444

**Opening hours:** 8:30am - 5:00pm Monday - Friday

Internet: www.goulburn.nsw.gov.au council@goulburn.nsw.gov.au Email:

Officers

**Chief Executive Officer** Aaron Johansson

**Responsible Accounting Officer** Brendan Hollands

### Auditors

Audit Office of NSW 15/1 Margaret Street Sydney NSW 2000

#### **Elected members**

Mayor Cr Peter Walker

#### Councillors

Cr Andrew Banfield Cr Carol James Cr Bob Kirk Cr Michael Prevedello Cr Steve Ruddell Cr Jason Shepherd Cr Daniel Strickland Cr Andy Wood

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## **Goulburn Mulwaree Council**

General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

Independent Auditor's Reports:

On the Financial Statements (Sect 417 [2])

Independent Auditor's Report

Please uplift Council's Audit Report PDF (opinion) for inclusion in the GPFS report (via the Home screen).

continued on next page ...

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## **Goulburn Mulwaree Council**

General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

Independent Auditor's Reports: (continued)

On the Financial Statements (Sect 417 [3])

Independent Auditor's Report

Please uplift Council's Audit Report PDF (commentary) for inclusion in the GPFS report (via the Home screen).

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# Goulburn Mulwaree Council

SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2023



## Goulburn Mulwaree Council

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

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Note – Significant Accounting Policies	12
Auditor's Report on Special Purpose Financial Statements	15

#### Background

- i. These Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared for the use by both Council and the Office of Local Government in fulfilling their requirements under National Competition Policy.
- ii. The principle of competitive neutrality is based on the concept of a 'level playing field' between persons/entities competing in a market place, particularly between private and public sector competitors.

Essentially, the principle is that government businesses, whether Commonwealth, state or local, should operate without net competitive advantages over other businesses as a result of their public ownership.

iii. For Council, the principle of competitive neutrality and public reporting applies only to declared business activities.

These include (a) those activities classified by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as business activities being water supply, sewerage services, abattoirs, gas production and reticulation, and (b) those activities with a turnover of more than \$2 million that Council has formally declared as a business activity (defined as Category 1 activities).

iv. In preparing these financial statements for Council's self-classified Category 1 businesses and ABS-defined activities, councils must (a) adopt a corporatisation model and (b) apply full cost attribution including tax-equivalent regime payments and debt guarantee fees (where the business benefits from Council's borrowing position by comparison with commercial rates).

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## Goulburn Mulwaree Council

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

Statement by Councillors and Management made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- NSW Government Policy Statement, Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government
- Division of Local Government Guidelines, Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses: A Guide to Competitive Neutrality
- The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting
- Sections 3 and 4 of the NSW Department of Planning and Environment, Water's Regulatory and assurance framework for local water utilities.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these statements:

- · present fairly the operating result and financial position for each of Council's declared business activities for the year,
- accord with Council's accounting and other records; and
- present overhead reallocation charges to the water and sewerage businesses as fair and reasonable.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 17 October 2023.

Cr Peter Walker Mayor 17 October 2023 Cr Steve Ruddell Deputy Mayor 17 October 2023

Aaron Johansson Chief Executive Officer 17 October 2023 Brendan Hollands Responsible Accounting Officer 17 October 2023

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Income Statement of water supply business activity | for the year ended 30 June 2023

## **Goulburn Mulwaree Council**

## Income Statement of water supply business activity

for the year ended 30 June 2023

\$ '000	2023	2022
Income from continuing operations		
Access charges	2,748	2,637
User charges	6,724	6,891
Fees	113	137
Interest and investment income	930	224
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	36	520
Other income	125	83
Total income from continuing operations	10,676	10,492
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	1,849	1,874
Borrowing costs	814	836
Materials and services	4,909	3,883
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	3,697	3,007
Other expenses *	-	-
Total expenses from continuing operations	11,269	9,600
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	(593)	892
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	960	1,047
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	367	1,939
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	367	1,939
_ess: corporate taxation equivalent (25%) [based on result before capital]		(223)
Surplus (deficit) after tax	367	1,716
Plus accumulated surplus Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:	96,407	94,468
- Corporate taxation equivalent	_	223
Closing accumulated surplus	96,774	96,407
Return on capital %	0.1%	0.7%
Subsidy from Council	9,939	6,815
Calculation of dividend payable:		
Surplus (deficit) after tax	367	1,716
ess: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions)	(960)	(1,047)
Surplus for dividend calculation purposes	-	669
Potential dividend calculated from surplus	-	335

(\*) Comparative figures amended to ensure consistency in the categorisation of expenses. Balance transferred to Materials & Services

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Income Statement of sewerage business activity | for the year ended 30 June 2023

## Goulburn Mulwaree Council

## Income Statement of sewerage business activity

for the year ended 30 June 2023

\$ '000	2023	2022
Income from continuing operations		
Access charges	10,407	10,067
User charges	1,848	1,843
Liquid trade waste charges	496	536
Fees	19	4
Interest and investment income	1,570	278
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	-	2,189
Net gain from the disposal of assets	-	24
Other income	78	102
Total income from continuing operations	14,418	15,043
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	1,606	1,572
Borrowing costs	114	117
Materials and services	4,278	4,030
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	2,776	2,442
Other expenses '		_
Total expenses from continuing operations	8,774	8,161
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	5,644	6,882
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	3,401	2,555
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	9,045	9,437
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	9,045	9,437
_ess: corporate taxation equivalent (25%) [based on result before capital]	(1,411)	(1,721)
Surplus (deficit) after tax	7,634	7,716
Plus accumulated surplus	123,760	114,323
Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:		
- Corporate taxation equivalent	1,411	1,721
Closing accumulated surplus	132,805	123,760
Return on capital %	2.9%	4.0%
Subsidy from Council	2,129	-
Calculation of dividend payable:		
Surplus (deficit) after tax	7,634	7,716
Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions)	(3,401)	(2,555)
Surplus for dividend calculation purposes	4,233	5,161
Potential dividend calculated from surplus	2,117	2,581
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

(\*) Comparative figures amended to ensure consistency in the categorisation of expenses. Balance transferred to Materials & Services

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Income Statement of Domestic Waste Management | for the year ended 30 June 2023

## Goulburn Mulwaree Council

## Income Statement of Domestic Waste Management

for the year ended 30 June 2023

	2023	2022
\$ '000	Category 2	Category 2
Income from continuing operations		
Annual charges	72	73
User charges	4,806	4,594
Interest and investment income	87	28
Other income	58	49
Total income from continuing operations	5,023	4,744
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	904	896
Materials and services	3,703	3,373
Total expenses from continuing operations	4,607	4,269
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	416	475
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	416	475
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	416	475
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (25%) [based on result before capital]	(104)	(119)
Surplus (deficit) after tax	312	356
Plus accumulated surplus Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:	2,775	2,300
– Corporate taxation equivalent	104	119
Closing accumulated surplus	3,191	2,775
Return on capital %	671.0%	766.1%

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Income Statement of Commercial Waste | for the year ended 30 June 2023

## Goulburn Mulwaree Council

## Income Statement of Commercial Waste

for the year ended 30 June 2023

	2023	2022
\$ '000	Category 2	Category 2
Income from continuing operations		
User charges	1,663	1,437
Total income from continuing operations	1,663	1,437
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	211	168
Materials and services	1,001	1,086
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	9	12
Total expenses from continuing operations	1,221	1,266
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	442	171
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	442	171
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	442	171
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (25%) [based on result before capital]	(111)	(43)
Surplus (deficit) after tax	331	128
Plus accumulated surplus	1,624	1,453
<ul> <li>Corporate taxation equivalent</li> <li>Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:</li> </ul>	111	43
Closing accumulated surplus	2,066	1,624
Return on capital %	491.1%	190.0%

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Statement of Financial Position of water supply business activity | for the year ended 30 June 2023

## **Goulburn Mulwaree Council**

## Statement of Financial Position of water supply business activity as at 30 June 2023

\$ '000	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Contract assets and contract cost assets	180	180
Cash and cash equivalents	2,680	2,680
Investments	29,347	28,282
Receivables	830	1,451
Internal Loan Receivable from General Fund	176	194
Total current assets	33,213	32,787
Non-current assets		
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	252,729	233,408
Internal Loan Receivable from General Fund	2,578	2,763
Total non-current assets	255,307	236,171
Total assets	288,520	268,958
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Payables	726	710
Borrowings	629	588
Employee benefit provisions	548	593
Total current liabilities	1,903	1,891
Non-current liabilities		
Borrowings	10,821	11,450
Employee benefit provisions	84	91
Total non-current liabilities	10,905	11,541
Total liabilities	12,808	13,432
Net assets	275,712	255,526
EQUITY Accumulated surplus	co 77 (	00 407
Revaluation reserves	96,774	96,407
	178,938	159,119
Total equity	275,712	255,526

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Statement of Financial Position of sewerage business activity | for the year ended 30 June 2023

## **Goulburn Mulwaree Council**

## Statement of Financial Position of sewerage business activity at 30 June 2023

as	at	30	June	202

\$ '000	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	11,175	11,175
Investments	47,103	30,059
Receivables	1,143	871
Contract assets and contract cost assets	902	847
Internal Loan Receivable from General Fund	239	58
Total current assets	60,562	43,010
Non-current assets		
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	196,190	175,747
Internal Loan Receivable from General Fund	3,277	4,082
Total non-current assets	199,467	179,829
Total assets	260,029	222,839
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Contract liabilities	12,641	-
Payables	30	30
Borrowings	293	276
Employee benefit provisions	309	324
Total current liabilities	13,273	630
Non-current liabilities	4 000	0.040
Borrowings Employee benefit provisions	1,960	2,613
Total non-current liabilities		40
	1,997	2,653
Total liabilities	15,270	3,283
Net assets	244,759	219,556
EQUITY		
	400.007	400 700
Accumulated surplus Revaluation reserves	132,807	123,760
	111,952	95,796
Total equity	244,759	219,556

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Statement of Financial Position of Domestic Waste Management | for the year ended 30 June 2023

## **Goulburn Mulwaree Council**

## Statement of Financial Position of Domestic Waste Management as at 30 June 2023

\$ '000	2023 Category 2	2022 Category 2
·		
ASSETS Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	904	904
Investments	2,313	1,959
Receivables	142	97
Total current assets	3,359	2,960
Non-current assets		
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	62	62
Total non-current assets	62	62
Total assets	3,421	3,022
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Payables	1	1
Employee benefit provisions	229	246
Total current liabilities	230	247
Total liabilities	230	247
Net assets	3,191	2,775
EQUITY		
Accumulated surplus	3,191	2,775
Total equity	3,191	2,775

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Goulburn Mulwaree Council | Statement of Financial Position of Commercial Waste | for the year ended 30 June 2023

## **Goulburn Mulwaree Council**

## Statement of Financial Position of Commercial Waste

as at 30 June 2023

	2023	2022
\$ '000	Category 2	Category 2
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Receivables	1,976	1,534
Total current assets	1,976	1,534
Non-current assets		
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	90	90
Total non-current assets	90	90
Total assets	2,066	1,624
Net assets	2,066	1,624
EQUITY		
Accumulated surplus	2,066	1,624
Total equity	2,066	1,624

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## Note – Significant Accounting Policies

A statement summarising the supplemental accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the special purpose financial statements (SPFS) for National Competition Policy (NCP) reporting purposes follows.

These financial statements are SPFS prepared for use by Council and the Office of Local Government. For the purposes of these statements, the Council is a non-reporting not-for-profit entity.

The figures presented in these special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement criteria of relevant Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Interpretations.

The disclosures in these special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act* 1993 (Act), the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2021* (Regulation) and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

The statements are prepared on an accruals basis. They are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, fair value of non-current assets. Certain taxes and other costs, appropriately described, have been imputed for the purposes of the National Competition Policy.

The Statement of Financial Position includes notional assets/liabilities receivable from/payable to Council's general fund. These balances reflect a notional intra-entity funding arrangement with the declared business activities.

#### **National Competition Policy**

Council has adopted the principle of 'competitive neutrality' in its business activities as part of the National Competition Policy which is being applied throughout Australia at all levels of government. The framework for its application is set out in the June 1996 NSW Government Policy statement titled 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government'. *The Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses – A Guide to Competitive Neutrality* issued by the Office of Local Government in July 1997 has also been adopted.

The pricing and costing guidelines outline the process for identifying and allocating costs to activities and provide a standard for disclosure requirements. These disclosures are reflected in Council's pricing and/or financial reporting systems and include taxation equivalents, Council subsidies, and returns on investments (rate of return and dividends paid).

#### Declared business activities

In accordance with *Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses – A Guide to Competitive Neutrality,* Council has declared that the following are to be considered as business activities:

#### **Category 1**

(where gross operating turnover is over \$2 million)

#### a. Water Supply

Provide potable water for the Local Government Area.

#### b. Sewerage Services

Provide waste water services for the Local Government Area.

#### Category 2

(where gross operating turnover is less than \$2 million)

#### a. Domestic Waste Management

Collection and disposal of domestic waste in accordance with section 504 of the Local Government Act.

#### b. Commercial Waste

Collection and disposal of commercial waste on a user pays basis.

#### Taxation equivalent charges

Council is liable to pay various taxes and financial duties. Where this is the case, they are disclosed as a cost of operations just like all other costs.

continued on next page ...

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## Note – Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

However, where Council does not pay some taxes which are generally paid by private sector businesses, such as income tax, these equivalent tax payments have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities and are reflected in Special Purpose Finanncial Statements.

For the purposes of disclosing comparative information relevant to the private sector equivalent, the following taxation equivalents have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities (this does not include Council's non-business activities):

#### Notional rate applied (%)

Corporate income tax rate - 25.0%

Payroll tax - 5.45% on the value of taxable salaries and wages in excess of \$850,000.

#### Income tax

An income tax equivalent has been applied on the profits of the business activities.

Whilst income tax is not a specific cost for the purpose of pricing a good or service, it needs to be taken into account in terms of assessing the rate of return required on capital invested.

Accordingly, the return on capital invested is set at a pre-tax level - gain/(loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts, as would be applied by a private sector competitor. That is, it should include a provision equivalent to the corporate income tax rate, currently 25.0%.

Income tax is only applied where a gain/ (loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts has been achieved.

Since the taxation equivalent is notional – that is, it is payable to Council as the 'owner' of business operations - it represents an internal payment and has no effect on the operations of the Council. Accordingly, there is no need for disclosure of internal charges in the SPFS.

#### Local government rates and charges

A calculation of the equivalent rates and charges for all Category 1 businesses has been applied to all assets owned, or exclusively used by the business activity.

#### Loan and debt guarantee fees

The debt guarantee fee is designed to ensure that Council business activities face 'true' commercial borrowing costs in line with private sector competitors. In order to calculate a debt guarantee fee, Council has determined what the differential borrowing rate would have been between the commercial rate and Council's borrowing rate for its business activities.

#### (i) Subsidies

Government policy requires that subsidies provided to customers, and the funding of those subsidies, must be explicitly disclosed. Subsidies occur where Council provides services on a less than cost recovery basis. This option is exercised on a range of services in order for Council to meet its community service obligations. The overall effect of subsidies is contained within the Income Statements of business activities.

#### (ii) Return on investments (rate of return)

The NCP policy statement requires that councils with Category 1 businesses 'would be expected to generate a return on capital funds employed that is comparable to rates of return for private businesses operating in a similar field'.

Funds are subsequently available for meeting commitments or financing future investment strategies. The rate of return is disclosed for each of Council's business activities on the Income Statement.

The rate of return is calculated as follows:

Operating result before capital income + interest expense

#### Written down value of I,PP&E as at 30 June

continued on next page ...

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## Note – Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

As a minimum, business activities should generate a return equal to the Commonwealth 10 year bond rate which is 4.02% at 30/6/23.

#### (iii) Dividends

Council is not required to pay dividends to either itself (as owner of a range of businesses) or to any external entities.

Local government water supply and sewerage businesses are permitted to pay an annual dividend from its water supply or sewerage business surplus.

Each dividend must be calculated and approved in accordance with the Department of Industry – Water guidelines and must not exceed:

- 50% of this surplus in any one year, or
- the number of water supply or sewerage assessments at 30 June 2021 multiplied by \$30 (less the payment for tax equivalent charges, not exceeding \$3 per assessment).

In accordance with the Department of Industry – Water guidelines a Dividend Payment form, Statement of Compliance, Unqualified Independent Financial Audit Report and Compliance Audit Report are required to be submitted to the Department of Industry – Water.

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## Goulburn Mulwaree Council

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023

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